8th Report of the
Center for the Study of Violence
University of São Paulo

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SUMMARY

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1. SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED ACTIVITIES FOR 2008

1.1. Research
For 2008 the following research activities were proposed in the two research lines:

Line I)- Democracy, rule of law and human rights

I a - Survey data analysis in 2007- Data collection for the 4th wave of the survey: the fourth survey data to be used to close this period of data collection representing nearly a decade. Joint analyzes of the results of the three previous waves would demand the conclusion of data reduction, writing up the process of defining the Exposure to Violence Scale (ETV); and the statistical analysis of effects of exposure to violence on fear, and on attitudes to punishment and human rights; exposure to violence and the perception of neighborhoods: social disorganization, civility/incivility in interpersonal contact and on social capital; exposure to violence and trust in institutions, delegation of power, and the acceptance or rejection of the use of force for social control, exposure to violence and the use of physical punishment; exposure to violence and shared representations of the causes of violence and acceptance/rejection of the use of violence are some of the analysis that would continue in 2008.

Supplementary analysis was to focus on age group, gender, race, educational level, income and place of residence. These analyses will result in a book, and a number of papers to be written by various members of NEV. Analysis of qualitative data on human rights collected throughout the 1990’s will start running simultaneous to the analysis of the surveys.

I b - Analyses of everyday conflicts- This study analyses data available at the NEV on socially shared representations of conflicts. The data were collected through focus groups with different SES and age groups, with civil servants working (teachers, health professionals, police officers, postmen, social workers) in high violence and high poverty areas, civil society leaders in the same areas complemented with data from the surveys. The analyses was to identify whether there are patterns of conflicts between residents and what relations exist (if any) between these patterns and access (or lack of) to human rights as well as attributions made by respondents as to the causes of such conflicts and whether they indicate any awareness of relations between interpersonal conflicts and access to rights.

I c - The criminal justice system, democracy and human rights- 1- Continuation of the project Violence, impunity and trust in democracy during 2008 includes: 1) finishing data collection, 2) Construction of database, 3) cleaning and correction of database, 4) Quantitative data analysis
(descriptive and regression analysis), 5) production and submission of papers for publication (quantitative analysis), 6) begin qualitative data analysis.

I d - The **post-doctoral project conducted by Wânia Pasinato** with a fellowship of FAPESP had the following activities programmed for 2008:

a) literature review on: - the incorporation of the category of gender in Brazilian studies about violence against women in particular that which analyzes the action of criminal justice in cases of violence against women; theoretical production about gender definition, intersection of gender, patriarchy and violence in Brazil; ii- homicide in Brazil and the new use of the category women homicide (feminicidio) in the national literature; and b) empirical research, data collection estimated to be finished in February 2008. Results from both literature and empirical research will be presented in a final report, as well as in articles and papers to be presented in national and international seminars. Abstracts were to be submitted to the national congress of ABA (Porto Seguro, June, 2008) and ANPOCs (October, 2008).

I e - The research team on the **historical research** was to carry out an integrated analysis of data on public security policies guidelines during XX century, to analyze the profile of members of the elites that were active in the public security field, and the impact of governmental action in the efficacy of social control institutions. The analysis was to focus in the First Republic (1889-1930), the 1950’s and the last decades of the 20th century.

I f - **The extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for the victims of violations of human rights: the Latin-American experience.** A joint project of research with Unité Mixte de Recherche en Droit Comparé (UMR – Sorbonne/Paris1) proposed to compare Latin-American Truth Commissions and to analyze why Truth Commissions did not progress in Europe. On the European side, the study will be restricted to the Bosnia experience and the role of the Parliamentary Assembly of Council of Europe, concerning the recognition of European States of the present and past crimes as the Parliamentary Assembly adopted, at the beginning of 2006, a new Resolution about the need for an international condemnation of the crimes of the totalitarian communist regimes. Weekly seminars were to be continued, to discuss the contributions of Hannah Arendt, specially related to totalitarian regimes, responsibility and judgments and pardon.

I g - **Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies**- In 2008 the project goals were: publish papers, organize symposiums, study possibilities of partnerships with foreign Universities and produce theoretical work based on NEV’s empirical studies.
I h - Police Ombudsoffices Project - The main objective of the project (part of a partnership between NEV/USP and Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos) is to define a methodology to collect and analyze data on the use of lethal force by the police.

This methodology was to be transferred to state Police Ombudsman across Brazil. It was expected that a uniform methodology to follow cases of the use of lethal force by the police would strengthen the Ombuds offices as an external form of control. It was expected that this project contributes to reduce lethality by the police forces through a clear monitoring process. It was also expected that, to some extent, in-depth knowledge about the use of lethal force by the police would be gained and comparisons within the country made possible once the definition and methods used to measure lethality are standardized.

Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations

It was expected that the human rights’ indicators, in particular indicators of access to rights, and that the treatment of data on human rights violations would be refined, in particular these on police violence, execution and lynching. Another objective was to promote debate on quality of existing governmental, and non-governmental data on monitor human rights and how this is reported on the media. A third goal was to refine the methodology to measure police violence, explore the causes for this violence focusing on the responses of the criminal justice system. Fourthly it was expected that NEV would produce Human Rights bulletins: monthly, quadric-annual and bi-annual as well as prepare the 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil (2006-2008) and the Report on Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas.


Homicide was the 12th cause of death in the age group 10-14 years in 1980 (1.5% of all deaths) and in 2005 it was the 4th cause of death, (9.5% of all deaths). This paper analysis mortality data from the health system as well as that from NEV data bases on lynching, execution and police violence in order to identify the profile (gender, age, large cities, regions of the country) as well as by what means these children die and what works in terms of prevention. Causes for the greater risk for children aged 13 to 14 are sought in the child development literature. This analysis is nearly completed.

II b - Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo

In 2008 it was expected that this study would include the following activities: 1) preparation and submission of papers based on multivariate (logistic regression) analysis, 2) Qualitative data collection: through contacts with Victim’s Support Group- a group that provides psychological support to families of homicide victims, carry out in-depth interviews (life stories) with surviving relatives, exploring, from their perspective, the course of events that led to the death of youths; analysis of the case studies and 3)
Preparation and submission of papers based on life-stories analysis, 4) Weekly seminars with the research team.

II c - Improving access to rights – a home visitation project - The following activities were to be accomplished in 2008: 1) Review existing home visitation protocols and evaluation instruments, 2) Adapt protocols to be used in Brazil, 3) Conceptual validation of protocols through discussion with experts, 4) Assessment of language used and acceptance of protocols by adolescents and family members through group discussions, 5) Second meeting with international expert advisory group to discuss all the produced protocols, 6) Review the intervention project after discussion with the national and international experts as well as the result from consultations with adolescents and their family members.

1.2. Knowledge transfer

Ist International Seminar on Torture: This Seminar was to take place between the 25th and the 27th of February 2008 (program appended with all participants confirmed). The aim of the Seminar was to promote a broad discussion on torture and its myths. The Seminar was motivated by two concurrent factors: the return of the discussion on the “efficacy” of torture under certain conditions (i.e the “war on terror”) and the survival within Brazilian law enforcement agencies of the practice of torture twenty years after the return to democracy. This seminar was to be the first of a series of two seminars with the following objectives: 1- to promote an informed debate on torture and the impact that lowering moral interdictions against torture can have for democracy; 2- to promote exchanges between Brazilian and international scholars and researchers; 3- to encourage networks of national and international scholars in order to more readily inform public debate on these issues.

A book was be edited by NEV based on the contributions made to the seminar. The second seminar will be on “Preventing torture and other forms of violence by acting on their economic, social and cultural root causes”, jointly with the World Organization Against Torture. The second international seminar on torture was expected to take place in August 2008 and will involve mostly non-governmental organizations in particular human rights activists.

International Seminar “Measuring Progress and Assessing Impact in Human Rights: The Problem of Police Violence” – This seminar was expected to take place in May 8 e 9, 2008. Objectives were: 1) Discuss national and international experience on the construction and use of indicators to monitor human rights; 2) Discuss the use of the indicators of the human rights to survey police violence; 3) Debate the use of indicators of human rights by governmental and non-governmental organizations to confront
police violence; 4) Discuss the role indicators play in informing civil society to confront human rights violations.

**Seminar on public security and human rights in the Americas.** March 2008. Participants: experts, police officers, government officials and human rights/civil society leaders working on the reform and improvement of police services and public security policies in the region. First of a series of five sub-regional meetings (Andean, Central and North America and the Caribbean) in the context of the project Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, developed by NEV-USP, in collaboration with Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales (Cels), for the Interamerican Commission on Human Rights. The project has the support of the Open Society Institute.


**Others – Community policing handbook** - The objective of the project (a partnership between NEV/USP and Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos) is to produce a training handbook to be used as training material for community policing. The audience for this book are: police patrolling officers and sergeants and corporals of the Military Police, Civil Police and civil society leaders. Objective of the handbooks are: to give theoretical and practical elements to support the training for Community Policing activities. The project is in progress and the following stages completed: review of training materials on community policing (national and international), first analysis of all the literature. Next year the first draft of the handbooks will be written, tested and evaluated in focus groups with the different audiences involved. After this evaluation the final versions will be written.

**Cross referencing data from the newspaper data bases on lynching, death squads/execution groups and police violence** - A pilot project to allow interactive access to cases of lynching, death/squads/execution groups and police violence. It will be possible for users to obtain data on number of cases per state and for Brazil according with crimes involved and causes attributed to the cases. In the case of data about the state of São Paulo users will also be able to obtain total number of cases per city and district, place and time and police precinct where the case was recorded. This is the first step for an interactive database.

**NEV-CIDADÃO (guiadosdireitos)** - During 2008 the site was to be extended to cover other cities in the Metropolitan Region aside from São Paulo, besides routine information update.
Website Safety and Citizenship: promotion of violence prevention and transparency in public security sector: One of our researcher was to spend a month at the Institut National de Santé Publique du Québec, responsible for the development of the website Centre québécois de ressources en promotion de la sécurité et en prévention de la criminalité. The objective of this mission was to identify features of this site to transfer it to NEV. Resources for this project were to be sought with the Canadian government.

Electronic periodical of NEV-USP, Democracia, Direitos Humanos e Violência- The first issue will be available by late February and the theme is Hannah Arendt. We are expecting to have three issues by the end of 2008.

The full text news clipping database on gross human rights violations. In 2008 the full text clippings that are now available as pictures will be transformed in text format to allow “google” like searches. This is very time consuming as the quality of images from newspapers do not allow for an automatic transcription to text. The first clippings to be format will be the clippings from editorial and analytical comments that reflect how public opinion leaders viewed gross human rights violations throughout time.

NEV-Unesco Chair on Human Rights Education. NEV will continue to work with the Unesco Human Rights Chair at the Institute of Advanced Studies at the University of São Paulo (IEA-USP).

1.3. Education

Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice- The course was to start in February 2008 for two groups of 48 students each. Each group consists of equal numbers of civil police and military police officers, public prosecutor and judges. At least 30% of the vacancies will be for women in the careers listed. The course consists of 18 lectures to be delivered by lecturers from the University of São Paulo (the School of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences, the School of Economics and Business, and the Polytechnic School), the Getulio Vargas Foundation, the São Paulo School of Public Prosecution University Candido Mendes, State University of Rio de Janeiro, Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul and the World Bank, the Public Security Police of Setubal (Portugal) and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (France).
2. QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS OF THE PROGRAMMED ACTIVITIES IN THE PERIOD

During 2008 a number of unscheduled activities intervened in the development of the programmed activities. The main goal of 2008 was to prepare papers and three books (the proceedings from the Seminar on How to Study Organized Crime, The International Seminar on Torture and the book The Police Citizens Want). It was expected that by the end of the year a new report and a project for the next three years were also to be written. But this programming was disrupted early in the year: in February we were informed that a report for the previous 8 years, and a new project for the next three years, were to be written by mid-April and July when we were informed that the CNPq- National Council for Scientific and Technological Development of the Ministry of Science and Technology had opened a competition for funding National Institutes of Science and Technology in different areas of knowledge and a key requisite was that a network of research institutes, organize around a shared research agenda.

The concept of a National Institute was very much similar to that of the CEPID as it combines research, education and knowledge transfer, but now expanded to include partners across states. This led to an intense series of internal workshops and seminars during which the full team had to exchange research results and discuss literature reviews. As result for nearly 5 months in total, senior researchers were committed to reporting and writing up projects, with the support, in various degrees of intensity from the junior staff. In our assessment this led to substantive improvements in the theoretical framework, and the refinement of the questions we have been seeking to answer: what kind of democracy can develop in Brazil. The research program explores the paradox of the unstable combination of changes and authoritarian continuities in the Brazilian democracy through three research lines: a) The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity? b) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a culture of human rights, and c) Monitoring Humans Rights – the present, past and future. The study of the quality of governance aims to identify in how far basic tenets of democracy are being respected. The focus is on public security and on access to human rights. Governance is to be evaluated both by the actual results it produces in public security and through how this performance is evaluated by the public, and its effects on the development of a human rights culture and in the support for Rule of Law. Specifically we want to answer the following questions:

- Why improvements in economic and social rights, in a context of decline of violence, co-exist with the expansion of organized crime, corruption and gross human rights violations?
• Why, despite improvements, territories dominated by organized crime continue to exist (and even grow), and systemic corruption continues to plague the political, administrative, and judicial spheres?

• Can there be public security without universal access to civil rights, in particular to the right to life?

• What role does impunity play for the development of a human rights culture and in the support of democratic Rule of Law (Morlino, 2004)? What are the pre-conditions for a human rights culture?

• To what extent human rights violations continue to occur in Brazil and who are the groups most at risk?

• To what extent the lack of closure promoted by the general amnesty, a pre-condition for the transition to democracy is an obstacle to effective democratic rule of law? In other words can we have democratic rule of law while denying past violations?

• If democracy and a human rights' culture demand the existence of effective democratic Rule of Law, what can be expected for the future of democracy in Brazil?

The questions we seek to answer are set against the hypothesis about the how the civilizing process has taken place within Brazilian society. We will study extreme cases in which the suspension of laws resulted in temporarily “failed states”, in non-universal law enforcement, fear, insecurity and low trust in institutions among the population, to explore what happens to the civilizing process in such contexts. Particular emphasis will be given to the performance of the police. The police forces will be analyzed from the perspective of the quality of their working conditions and of the impact of that this work has on police officers’ health, changes that have been introduced to their training, as result of the return to democracy and how these relate to those of neighboring countries and those of consolidated democracies, innovations adopted either on policing practice or investigative procedures and in public security policies. We will also explore how the social identity and representations of the police affect their performance as well as analyze their performance in investigating actual homicide cases.

The paradox of homicide drop combined with the growth of the organized crime, against a background of continued human rights violations, will be analyzed from the perspective of its effects on public support for the rule of law, this means that the evaluation of the quality of democracy places emphasis on the role that law enforcement plays, in particular in ensuring the right to life.
It is possible that part of the resistance to reform that police forces present, may be grounded in the past—particularly in the General Amnesty that defined the conditions for the return to democracy. Thus we will also focus on the role that the unsolved past may have on the present—the role of the amnesty and the denial of access to historical archives, may play in the continued presence of torture, disappearances, and extra judicial executions. Lastly we will continue to intervene to promote access to rights: by transferring knowledge accumulated to the public in general and by promoting the development of one of the most at risk groups.

This research program will be developed jointly with the Federal University of Rio de Janeiro, the Fundação Oswaldo Cruz, the Forum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública, the Federal University of Ceará, the University of Brasília, and the Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul.

Unscheduled activities did affect the analyses, and writing of papers for publication to some degree, but did not prevent data collection. These went on despite the usual difficulties. Other programmed activities in the areas of Education and Knowledge Transfer, in general, followed what was programmed for the year. Another aspect worthy of mention is the increased role that younger researchers have been playing in publications, research field coordination and in presentation in international seminars. Their role in the team is gaining importance and their professional maturing, is believe an important achievement.

The International Seminar on Torture was very successful: the papers presented are a key contribution to the debate on torture in Brazil; the discussion between presenters, and between them and the public, were very intense, but always civil, despite the highly charged content. The seminar attracted the attention of a large public and of the media. Six hundred persons enrolled through the internet to attend the Seminar and the attendance rate was very high. The book edition was delayed because not all authors could fulfill our deadline, but at present all chapters are being reviewed and the translation into Portuguese will start soon. It has been agreed with the University of São Paulo Press (EDUSP) that there will be two editions: one in Portuguese and one in English.

The two other books programmed for 2008: the one with the papers presented at the Seminar on Organized Crime and that on The Police that Citizens Want are being edited, after delays due to tardiness on the part of contributing authors. Both books will also be printed by the University of São Paulo Press (EDUSP). The 4th National Report on Human Rights is under final edition as well and will be launched this year.

The book on “Violence in Schools: a guide for teachers and parents” was adopted by the Secretariat of Education of the State of São Paulo, as a text for teachers and headmasters/mistresses and a second printing with 10,000 volumes is in course.
2.1. Qualitative analysis of research activities

There was progress in the research activities in all the projects:
a) the 4th wave of the survey (The quasi longitudinal survey study: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, punishment and human rights) went as scheduled;
b) data collection on the project on impunity was finished (Violence, impunity and trust in democracy) and the study on feminicide was concluded;
c) the interviews with relatives of deceased youth began (Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo);
d) the project on Police Ombudsoffices in Brazil was concluded and a report on how to standardize definitions, measurements and procedures used in the case of police use of lethal force is under way;
e) data collection for the 4th National Report on human rights was also concluded and the first draft of the report finished;
f) The project on the role that Amnesty in Brazil has played in democracy (The extra-judicial mechanisms of reparations for the victims of violations of human rights: the Latin-American experience) has also progressed, at a time when public debate about the right to memory, begins to grow in the country.

Data analysis has also progressed in all projects: much effort was placed in the statistical analyses of the survey data and on the data from the project on impunity and in keeping update with the literature in the multiple fields covered by the projects, an activity that is consuming more and more time from researchers. In terms of qualitative analysis, the historical project has produced a profile of three business entrepreneurs who were also key figures in the definition of public security policies at different moments of the past century.

Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights

I a- The analysis of the survey data- The quasi longitudinal survey study: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, punishment and human rights. The 4th wave of data collection took place in August 2008. The four data sets had to be unified in a single data set for comparisons between the different waves. Though the questionnaire remained the same, the introduction (in 2006) of a question about the prevalence of victimization (ever in your life) caused some difficulties. Initial factorial analyses on the variable exposure to violence produced unsatisfactory results. The variable is constructed on the basis of the responses given to three types of exposure: direct victimization in the neighborhood, and indirect victimization (also in the neighborhood) – watching or hearing about violent offenses. The questionnaire also covers direct victimization at the school, when applicable (i.e. when respondents attend schools) but this victimization- which may or may not overlap with that in the
neighborhood was not included in the scale. In each wave of the survey roughly 15% of the sample still attend school and thus answered about victimization in school.

Since there was the risk that respondent in these circumstances could have been erroneously classified, as having had no experience with violent victimization in the previous year, when this would have been valid for their experience in their neighborhood, but not in school, we reviewed the pattern of response of each individual in all the relevant questions to re-design this variable. This process has been finalized and now new tests are being carried out. Also during this year updating the literature review was a continued activity, for all key research themes: attitudes, beliefs and values to human rights, justice, punishment, law enforcement agencies, trust in institutions, to the use of violence to solve conflicts, the role that social capital plays in the perception of violence.

I b- Analyses of everyday conflicts- A literature review on social justice, access to rights and social conflicts was carried out and training on the use of NVIVO software for the analysis of the transcripts of focus groups discussions started.

I c- The criminal justice system, democracy and human rights-

The project Violence, impunity and trust in democracy in 2008 concluded data collection the archives of the judiciary. Also the software to process the data and to adapt the data to be exported from SQL to SPSS was developed, tested and the data inserted in this format. All data entry was reviewed and corrected. Tables for descriptive analyses were extracted and a full preliminary report written with a final version scheduled for March 2009.

The main obstacles faced were, yet again, to fulfill scheduled deadlines. This was due to problems in our access to the Archives of the Judiciary and due to problems in the development of the software. The difficulties in locating and retrieving archival documents, referring to the cases of homicide that comprised the sample, were numerous and in the end it was impossible to locate all the cases selected to compose the sample. This will limit the generalization of research results, as it is impossible to identify, in how far the cases retrieved are representative of homicide cases in general, and if not, what is the bias as we have very scarce information about the profile of cases that could not be retrieved.

The objective of the project to follow-up cases of homicide was achieved: 197 cases of homicide were retrieved, and these cases presented the following outcomes: 71 cases were sent to the archives without indictments- either because they had not been cleared or due to insufficient evidence, whereas 126 resulted in indictments. There were 243 persons indicted and 234 victims in the 126 cases processed. Public prosecutors accepted charges against 65,4% of those indicted by the police but dropped the
charges for 30.8%, and the process was archived, while 3.75 were excluded from charges. Of those were accused by the public prosecutors, judges accepted the charges for 72.3% while refusing the charges for 11.9% and acquitting 5%. Of the 65.4% accused, 86.1% faced trial by jurors and 67.7% were found to be guilty and 27.3% were acquitted. In two cases charges of homicide were reduced to a minor charge and for 14.5 of the accused whose charges had been accepted by the courts 14.5% the case was annulled due to death of the accused before trial.

The data collected has allowed us to answer specific goals of this research: 1- to identify the characteristics of homicide cases in terms of the facts, contexts, and means used, actors involved, the intervention of police forces and the judiciary; 2) comparative identification of the profile of accused who are processed, tried and sentenced vis a vis those for whom charges are dropped along the case or who die before trial; 3) identify the flow of justice in each stage of the criminal justice system in terms of legal procedures adopted and the performance of technical and non-technical agents set against the background of the terms of the legal estatutes that regulate trial of crimes (in process); 4) analyses of the distribution of sentences by type of homicide (manslaughter, murder in the first degree, and so on).

I d- Post-doctoral project conducted by Wânia Pasinato with a fellowship of FAPESP resulted in literature review on the use of the category gender in Brazilian studies about violence against women, a report presented to Fapesp in January 2009 and two papers: 1- Violência, Gênero e Direitos Humanos: Uma análise sobre a distribuição da justiça criminal nos casos de homicídios (Violence, Gender and Human Rights: An analysis of the distribution of justice in homicide cases), 50 pgs; 2- “Femicídios” e as mortes de mulheres no Brasil. Reflexões sobre os fundamentos e implicações políticas desta categoria para o caso brasileiro,(Femicide and the death of women in Brazil: Reflexions on the foundations and political consequences of this category for the Brazilian case) 23 pgs.

I e- Historical research – Analyses of the role that the entrepreneurial elite had in the definition of public security policies in the state of São Paulo resulted in the identification of three key actors in the first half of the 1900’s: Cândido Motta, Paulo Duarte and Alfredo Issa Ássaly. The history of their interventions was reconstructed in particular their role in designing legislation and their activities in the state Legislature. Having in common a background in Law, besides pressuring for legislation, the three also established close dialogue with a broad spectrum of professionals from the criminal justice system including from areas such as forensic medicine, psychiatry and criminology. Their proposals for reform in public security policies evidenced the conflicts and ambiguities in society to the concept that rights and protections should be universal entitlements of citizens.

Justice in Latin America), with a Fellowship from Fapesp. The project encompasses: a) The theory of restorative justice and b) The application of restorative justice by the Interamerican Court, the recommendations of the Interamerican Commission, and of the reports of the different Truth Commissions in terms of reparations for human rights violations, in particular in cases involving Brazil. Comparisons are being traced between legislations, sentencing, recommendations and reports. It is expected that this analyses will reveal the patterns of repair that result from the sentences issued: compensations, restitution, symbolic reparations. This last stage is near finished and now it is possible to quantify and to establish the nexus between types of violations and reparations and what explains differences in outcomes of cases presented before the Interamerican Court, the Interamerican Commission and the Truth Commissions.

I g- Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies- –Coordinated by Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar, (Professor of the Law School of USP, Faculdade de Direito da USP), this project approaches the study of democracy, social justice and human rights from the perspective of critical theory, in particular that of the three generations of the Frankfurt School. This project aims to provide a complementary contribution to the different research projects in course at the NEV. In 2008 six seminars were organized covering the contributions that disciplines, such as, psychoanalysis and esthetics present to critical theory. A number of papers were published and presentations at national and international seminars and congresses made.

I h- Police Ombudsoffices Project - The main objective of the project (part of a partnership between NEV/USP and Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos) was to define a methodology to collect and analyze data on the use of lethal force by the police. The methodology is to be transferred to Police Ombudsman in different Brazilian States. It will enforce/empower this institution (external form of control) and help these review their relationship with Departments of Internal Affairs in the police forces (internal control). It is hoped that this project will contribute to reduce lethality of police action through the institutionalization of an independent monitoring process. It will produce an in-depth knowledge about the use of lethal force by the police and encourage more comparisons within the country, once the definition and measurements are standardized.

The study covered all existing state police ombudsoffices across Brazil totaling 14: São Paulo, Bahia, Ceará, Espírito Santo, Goiás, Mato Grosso, Minas Gerais, Pará, Paraná, Pernambuco, Rio de Janeiro, Rio Grande do Norte, Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catarina. Data was collected, in each of the locations, by pairs of researchers from NEV. In each location data collection included: definition of police lethality used, procedures adopted in cases of use of lethal force, as well as data on the history of the Office, outcomes (reports), work flow, degree of autonomy, independence of the Office from external
pressures. Data collection also included following three Meetings of the National Forum of Police Ombudpersons: two in São Paulo and one in Recife.

Analysis of the data collected in the 14 states, and a review of procedures adopted in developed economies, allowed for a preliminary definition of standards to follow up cases of police use of lethal force based. This preliminary document was then presented to the 14 police ombudspersons in December 2008. Their contributions were incorporated and a final version of the definitions and methodology to measure, and follow up, the use of lethal force is underway. A users’ guide is also being written to help police ombudspersons and their teams to implement the methodology.

Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations

II.a- The 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil (2006-2008)- The 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil is in the final draft. State governments were again very reticent to provide information and this delayed the process, as we had to rely on numerous sources to provide a more complete picture of each state while ensuring that data from previous years can be compared to the more recent ones.

In the past year we also expected to: 1) Refine the treatment of the data on human rights violations and the analysis of police violence, execution and lynching, improve the methodology to monitor human rights by developing human rights indicators (including indicators to human rights violations and access to human rights); 2) promote debate on quality of existing governmental, non-governmental and press data to monitor human rights; 3) refine the methodology to measure police violence, explore the causes for this violence focusing attention on the responses of the criminal justice system; 4) produce a NEV Human Rights bulletins: monthly, quadric-annual and bi-annual; as well as prepare the 4th National Report on Human Rights in Brazil and 5) to Report on Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas. Out of all the objectives listed above we have achieved: a literature review of police use of lethal force and abusive use of such force; refined the methodology to measure police use of force; identified the responses that the criminal justice system provides to this use of force, in the states with police ombudsoffices, and thus explored the connections between this treatment and the causes for continued use of lethal violence by the police; written the 4th National Report and contributed to the Report on Citizen Security in the Americas. We did not progress in debating the quality of official data to monitor human rights and in the development of more refined indicators of violations and of access. To a large degree, this lack of progress in the two areas, are due to the death of Paulo de Mesquita Neto who was the coordinator of this area. His absence affected the Bulletins as well as he was the mentor of this project and the main supported.
II.b- Analysis of Homicide of children 10-14 years in Brazil 1980-2005. Homicide as a cause of death of early adolescents has been growing in Brazil for the last two decades but remains a largely ignored problem. The paper describes the growth of the problem of pre-adolescents homicide nationally, and explores potential causes and sources of risk for violent victimization for this age group using national and international literature from public health, child development and criminology. The paper is being revised and edited for submission to an international journal.

II.c- Violence, Risk and Vulnerability: homicides and human rights violations in São Paulo - The Project submitted to the Ethics Committee of the São Paulo State Institute of Health (attached to the State Secretariat of Health) and received official approval in July 2008). It was also presented to the State Secretariat of Justice and the Defense of Citizenship for their approval, without which there would be no access to the official Victims’Support group: CRAVI (Center for the Referral and Support of Victims). After approval from both sources, contacts with relatives and friends of youth victims' of homicide started. By the end of 2008 three case studies were completed. Extensive literature reviews were carried out during this period on youth risks, violence and victimization.

Delays were due to the bureaucracy of the State Secretariat of Justice and of the Ethics Committee. Also contacts with relatives and friends of deceased youth has been difficult: CRAVI’s staff is not always helpful in liaising the research team with relatives and friends of victims who seek their services; selecting families that meet the criteria for interviews is a slow process, and the refusal of families to take part in the project due to the seriousness of the case, fear or yet lack of emotional conditions to talk about the case. A paper based on the analysis of quantitative data and of the data on gross human rights violations from NEV data bases was approved for publication in the Revista de Saúde Pública: “Graves violações de direitos humanos e desigualdade em São Paulo: uma análise exploratória” (Gross human rights violations and inequality in São Paulo: an exploratory analysis”. This paper is to be published in Portuguese and in English.

II.d- Improving access to rights – a home visitation project- This project was submitted to the Ethics Committee of the Institute of Psychology of the University of São Paulo and approved in May 2008. Preliminary protocols for home visitation were developed, and the process of testing, their adequacy to the actual conditions of life, of pregnant adolescents living in high risk areas of São Paulo started. Contacts were made with the State Secretary of Health to present the project to the state government and thus take the first steps to draw their attention to the need and opportunity to intervene early on to prevent child abuse and maltreatment. At present protocols for training home visitors are being developed.
Literature reviews of home visitation, parenting, early child development, and prevention of child abuse and maltreatment, were carried out. Other activities included identification of: legislation that protect children and adolescents; programs that target adolescents and children to improve their access to rights; and of health services designed for adolescents' needs; field observation were carried out at existing services for adolescents to identify how professionals relate to pregnant adolescents, what type of information is provided, and what language is used. Places that were visited for observation include: Health Services (Visitas a Unidades Básicas de Saúde) in high risk areas were visited, Casas do Adolescente (Adolescent's House), Centros de Defesa da Criança e do Adolescente (CEDECAs) (Center for the Defense of Children and Adolescents) and NGOs (non-governmental organizations).

A one week long workshop with Dr. Jon Korfmacher (Erickson Institute-Chicago) took place on child development and home visitation. The visitation protocols are being pre-tested with a group of pregnant adolescents residents at the Heliopolis’ community (preliminary protocols available at:www.nevusp.org/infanciasaudavel). Study visits were made to Rio Grande do Sul to collect more information on their early child development program – PIM (Improved early childhood) as they are partners in the pre-test of the home visitation program.

The evaluation of the pilot program will use qualitative and quantitative data and start as soon as the intervention sample is selected and visitors are trained. During the last year the protocols for evaluation were developed: indicators were selected; tools were selected after consultations with partners (World Studies of Abuse in Family Environments- WHO; Edinburgh, Scale of post partum depression); questionnaires developed to use with mothers/adolescents and their child; workshop with Brazilian experts to define tools to collect data [Dra. Simone Gonçalves Assis (Claves/Fiocruz), Prof. Lilia Blima Schraiber (USP), Profa. Anna Chiesa (USP), Dra. Maria Sallum (SES-SP), Prof. Alexandre Ferrari (USP), Profa. Cristiane Silvestre de Paula (Unifesp/McKenzie)]; qualitative tools were developed; workshop with Dra. Magdalena Cerda (Univ. New York) to refine the design of the evaluation, and the development of tools and indicators.

2.2. Knowledge transfer-Dissemination Activities in 2008

1st. International Seminar on Torture: As described above this seminar took place between the 25th and the 27th of February (program appended). The proceedings are being published in two languages, also as described above. The seminar had three objectives: 1- to promote an informed debate on torture and the impact that lowering moral interdictions against torture can have for democracy- in this respect the seminar received much attention from the public and the media….. and hopefully the books will provide material for more extensive debate; 2- to promote exchanges between Brazilian and international scholars and researchers- the contacts were quite fruitful but did not last long enough for joint projects to evolve, perhaps in the future these will take place; 3- to encourage networks of national and international
scholars in order to more readily inform public debate on these issues—there is no doubt that we have identified a number of very important sources both for our work, for the public sector (those involved in designing programs to prevent torture) and for the media.

The International Seminar on “Measuring Progress and Assessing Impact in Human Rights: The Problem of Police Violence” was postponed to 2010 due to Paulo de Mesquita’s death.

2nd International Seminar on Torture: scheduled to take place in the second semester of 2008 and to focus on NGOs’ strategies to prevent torture this seminar was cancelled because the World Organization Against Torture a partner in the organization changed the nature of the meeting having opted to carry out a number of consultations in different regions: Africa, Asia and Latin America instead of a holding a single large meeting.

Seminar on public security and human rights in the Americas: The project Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, developed by NEV-USP, in collaboration with Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales (Cels), for the Interamerican Commission on Human Rights and the Open Society Institute. The aim is to publish two reports: one to review the nature of the citizen security crisis in the Americas and the other on juvenile justice in the region. The report will propose clear recommendations for the improvement of the institutions, laws, policies, programs and specially the practices related to public security, the prevention and answers to delinquency, violence and insecurity in the Americas, with due respect to human rights and on juvenile justice. Two questionnaires were sent out, on December 2007, to all 35 states in the region, one for each report. The responses provided by governments can be consulted at the site www.oas.org and soon at the NEV site as well.

Besides official information from governments data is also being collected from organized civil society (NGOs) and from academia. To this effect eight regional consultations are scheduled, three of which took place last year: in Santa Fé (Argentina), in Assunción (Paraguay), and in Quito (Ecuador). In Santa Fé representatives from Chile, Argentina, Brazil, and Ecuador, after deliberating on shared concerns on public security, formed the Iberoamerican Forum for Citizen Security. A month later this Forum was formally established with the participation of representatives Bolívia, México, Nicarágua, Brasil, Argentina, Chile, Honduras, Colômbia, and Spain who gathered to discuss “Local Governments and Citizen Security”. In Assunció a consultation took place on juvenile justice in the South Cone Region: Sub regional Consultation for countries in the South Cone on Citizen Security and Human Rights. This consultation was sponsored by the Interamerican Commission on Human Rights, UNICEF and the United Nations High Commissariat for Human Rights. Participants were: experts, juvenile justice experts, members of the judiciary, police officers, government officials and human rights/civil society leaders.
Five consultations are scheduled for 2009 involving government representatives, NGOs and academics and experts:

in March consultations for Central America and for the Andean Region and in the near future, at dates not yet defined consultations for the Caribbean, for the USA and Canada, and one expert consultation on juvenile justice.

**Book series on Human Rights- Education for Human Rights:** the following titles were launched in 2008:


Claude Richard P.; Andreopoulos, George (org.) *Educação em Direitos Humanos para o século XXI.* São Paulo: EDUSP / NEV, 2007. (Série Direitos Humanos, v. 5.)

**Others:**

**Community policing handbooks:** This project (a partnership between NEV-USP and the Special Secretariat for Human Rights and the European Union) produced a textbook to be used to train police officers and interested citizens to design and implement community policing. A draft of the handbook presented to focus groups in 6 state capitals: São Paulo, Belo Horizonte, Recife, Manaus, Campo Grande and Cuiabá for discussions with representatives from civil society and civil and military police officers. The handbook was reviewed as result of the focus groups discussions and a final version will shortly be available through the internet.

**Cross referencing data from the newspaper data bases on lynching, death squads/execution groups and police violence:** A pilot project to allow interactive access to cases of lynching, death/squads/execution groups and police violence to be made available to the general public. At present
researchers from NEV have access to the data and can carry out searches on the number of cases per state and for Brazil according with the type of violation involved and causes attributed to the cases. For São Paulo, users can retrieve the total number of cases per city, district, location, time of the day and police precinct where the case was recorded. This is the first step for an interactive use of the database. The system will be open to external users shortly.

**Website NEV-Cidadão (guiadosdireitos):** In 2008 this website was supposed to be expanded to the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo. An agreement was made with the Unesco Chair for City Management of the Methodist University of São Paulo and trainees were allocated to collect data from the Greater ABC municipalities to expand the website: São Bernardo, Santo André, São Caetano, Diadema, Mauá, Ribeirão Pires and Rio Grande da Serra¹. Data was collected and standardized to the model used for São Paulo and are in the process of being inserted in the existing web-site. In terms of the impact of the site in 2008 the number of visitors was recorded as expressed in the graph below:

![Site NEV-Cidadão Visits](http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats)

**Source:** [http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats](http://nev.incubadora.fapesp.br/stats) / **Software:** AWStats / **Number of visits** = Number of users that visited the site, including returnees.

**Migration:** At the end of 2007 the Incubadora virtual that hosted the site presented a number of technical problems resulting in services slowing down, as well as drop in quality. The decision was made to migrate the site to a private server, and to adopt Joomla as an open source management support. This led to a number of changes to be to the site. The new version will be accessible in March 2009 with the expanded data for the municipalities in the Greater ABC.

¹ These municipalities represent 13.2 of the population in the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo. Together with the city of São Paulo we can say that services for 68.7% of the population in the Metropolitan Region will be available in the website.
NEV’s Institutional Website: User’s data – number of visits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Visitors*</td>
<td>94.182</td>
<td>330.094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visits**</td>
<td>112.860</td>
<td>413.541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downloads***</td>
<td>62.496</td>
<td>134.915</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Software AWStats
* Visitors: Number of computers (IPs) that accessed the site.
** Visits: Number of visits to the site
*** Downloads: Number of document downloaded by visitors.

Software: AWStats

Updating the website was a continuous activity throughout 2008 and one that included also audio visual data from seminars, lectures, interviews to the media.

List of the 10 publications with greater number of downloads.

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<tr>
<th>Downloads</th>
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**Website Safety and Citizenship: promotion of violence prevention and transparency in public security sector:** In September 2008 one of NEV’s researcher spent three weeks at the Institut National de Santé Publique du Québec, in Canadá, responsible for the development of the website Centre québécois de ressources en promotion de la sécurité et en prévention de la criminal, to identify the opportunities to transfer to Brazil this experience. This Mission led to the selection of themes and materials relevant to Brazilian reality and to the identification of potential funding sources, for the exchange (Canadian Mission to São Paulo to train the local staff, translation of documents, production of documents, editing and website development and maintenance). NEV presented a project to the Pan American Health Organization in February 2009.

**Electronic periodical of NEV-USP, Democracia, Direitos Humanos e Violência:** The layout and structure of the periodical website is ready and available at the address: www.nevusp.org/revista. The
editorial board has been established and the papers for the first issues have been subjected to peer reviewers. A mailing list of research groups and universities has been organized.

The full text news clippings that inform the data bases on gross human rights violations: During the last year all the 76.662 news clippings that had been scanned as images were included in an image data base. The images had to be: mounted in a standard frame and, key words to identify the clippings attached to it as well as the number that the case covered in the clipping has in the human rights violations data base. The next phase of the work was to translate scanned images to text files. The first software used for this purpose proved unsatisfactory and we had to switch to FineReader 9.0. All news clippings referring to police abusive use of force for the state of São Paulo between 1999 and 2008 are in text form and trials are being made to use google like search mechanisms on this material.

Joint Program UNESCO Chair on Human Rights-IEA-USP/NEV: NEV organized in 2008 a number of activities with the UNESCO CHAIR on Human Rights: 1- the International Seminar on Torture, (also with the support of FAU/USP, IEA, CNPq and FAPESP and the State Board of Psychology Conselho Regional de Psicologia (SP) and the National Association for Post-graduated Studies in Human Rights (Associação Nacional de Pesquisa e Pós-graduação em Direitos Humanos- Andhep) and three lectures: a) Human Rights and Health (Direitos Humanos e Saúde) by Prof. Sofia Gruskin, Harvard University ,b) The promotion of human rights in Brazil : navigating in contradictions (Promoção dos Direitos Humanos no Brasil: navegando em contradições), by Prof. Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro and 3) Human Rights and the Brazilian Constitution: Advances and Challenges. (Direitos Humanos na Constituição Brasileira: avanços e desafios) by Prof. Sérgio Adorno.

Other seminars, lectures for both internal and external public

Seminars

The city and urban practices: in the uncertain frontiers between illegal, informal and illicit. (Cidade e práticas urbanas: nas fronteiras incertas entre o ilegal, o informal e o ilícito) Prof. Vera Telles - 08/05/2008

Caught in the Middle: living at War - The Militarization of Public Security. Prof. Maria Helena Alves - 16/06/2008

Professionalism, domination and resistance: judges in São Paulo and the reform of the judiciary (Profissionalismo, dominação e resistência: a magistratura paulista e a reforma do judiciário) Prof. Maria da Gloria Bonelli - 19/06/2008

Cities and urban studies (Cidade e Estudos Urbanos) Prof. Tereza Caldeira -11/08/2008

An Analysis of the Amnesty and Reparations' Efforts of the Brazilian State from the perspective of Transitional Justice. (A Anistia e o Esforço Reparatório do Estado Brasileiro Analisados sob o Arcabouço da Justiça de Transição) Dr. Glenda Mezarobba - 10/10/2008

National Seminar on Police Ombusoffices (Seminário Nacional das Ouvidorias de Polícia) - 01/12/2008

Twenty-five years of the Teotônio Commission for Human Rights. (25 anos da Comissão Teotônio Vilela) - 17/11/2008

Public Hearing

The rights of communities in Brazilian Metropolitan Regions: lethal violence and summary executions by police forces, organized crime and militias. (Os direitos da população nas metrópoles brasileiras: a violência fatal e as execuções sumárias pelas policias nas comunidades populares, o crime organizado e as milícias)- with the, President of the Public Security Commission at the Federal House of Representatives, Rep. Raul Jungmann - 24/06/2008

2.3. Educational Activities in 2008

Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice - The course was originally scheduled to start in February 2008 for two groups of 48 students each. The course consists of 18 lectures to be delivered by lecturers from the University of São Paulo (the School of Philosophy, Languages and Human Sciences, the School of Economics and Business, and the Polytechnic School), the Getulio Vargas Foundation, the São Paulo School of Public Prosecution University Candido Mendes, State University of Rio de Janeiro, Catholic University of Rio Grande do Sul and the World Bank, the Public Security Police of Setubal (Portugal) and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique
(France). Due to bureaucratic problems it started in mid-May and ended in September 2008. Besides lectures there were a number of fora for discussion of specific themes and students also had access to lecturers through special areas in the site for "chats". Three monitors followed the course throughout to help students when problems/difficulties emerged.

The 96 students that enrolled were selected by NEV-USP after an analysis of their curriculum vitae and statement in which they described what their expectations and needs were. Forty (40) officers from the Military Police, 40 Civil policemen, 15 prosecutors and 1 (one) judge enrolled. Similarly to the courses given at the University, judges showed little interest in this training. Remaining vacancies were allocated to policemen who represented greater demand for the course. In October the students were submitted to a written test at the University campus. Of the 96 students originally enrolled 87 concluded the course: 9 abandoned for different reason: workload or health problem. The students that did finish the course were: 37 military police officer, 36 civil policemen, 13 prosecutors and one judge.
3. MAJOR OBSTACLES/ SCIENTIFIC CHALLENGES

In 2008, while reporting on 2007, we stated that some of the challenges we faced were a direct consequence of the recency of the fields of and the lack of systematic investigations. We identified the following challenges:

a) refine the indicators and the methodology to measure human rights, and develop indicators to compare Brazil with other countries.

b) increase knowledge about mechanisms for the protection and promotion of access to human rights (civil, political, economic, social and cultural) in new democracies. Identify which factors weaken and which strengthen human rights in new democracies and the impact that policies to ensure universal access to human rights have on rule of law and on democracy.

c) increase knowledge about the process of political re-socialization that should occur when transitions to democracy start: legacies from the authoritarian period and what is the impact that they have for rule of law, democracy and human rights.

d) communicate, in a persuasive way, with civil society. As pointed by our International Advisory Committee we have to provide a more positive view of human rights. So far what we have had to communicate is mostly bad news, the challenge is to provide positive examples to carry out an exercise of how society should be if it were to be one in which human rights were universally applied.

e) identify the relations between violence and human rights violations: when and/or what type of violence is related to (caused by?) human rights violations. The other challenge is to explore the connections between fear of violence and civil and political rights; what types of fear prevent the exercise of which rights.

Last year the dual exercise of preparing the research, education and knowledge transfer plan for the next three years and the elaboration of the proposal for the National Institute of Science and Technology allowed us to identify the progress we had made in items b, c and d and in the design of a research program that will help us advance in answers to item e. The opportunity presented by the National Institute is not without challenges as we have to learn to work in a network, with colleagues located in distant territories and with different, if complementary, history of research and intervention.
4. POTENTIAL PROBLEMS/BOTTLENECKS

In 2008 again while reporting on 2007 we highlighted that one of our major problems was access to official sources of the democracy that evolves in the country in terms of access that citizens have to information from official sources. We are not referring to information that is sensitive in terms of national security, but of archival information that in theory should be open to all: this continues to be a problem as access is erratic. As consequence we have seem that years of data collection efforts can be jeopardized and generalization of the findings limited by poor access to the information and or lack of rigor on the part of institutions to secure the retrieval of archival data can be retrieved. So researchers are caught between two pressures: on one hand there is a reticence on part of the authorities to disclose data, theoretically to protect the privacy of the involved and on the other when you are granted access you discover that the system of control the flow of documents (police inquests and the judicial process) is such that documents disappear with no trace.

The mixed quality of secondary data was, and continues to be, a problem that we will now explore in depth at local, state and federal level in the case of homicide. Data on violent offenses is politically very sensitive: it can be used to indicate success or failure of governmental policies.

Another problem pointed last year and that continues is the poor capacity we have to forecast how much time dissemination or knowledge transfer through the media will demand from researchers. We continue to have little control of part of the external demand as it is a consequence of events in society at large. We have greater control over external demands such as seminars or workshops promoted by other groups and for which we are invited. To cope with this we have been investing in using such opportunities for junior researchers to acquire more experience in presentations for external audiences, including abroad.

On the managerial side we pointed, in 2008 that there was the need institutionalize the Center to provide researchers with a career structure. We have taken measures to start the process of creating a proper Institute within the University opening negotiations with the Rector of the University and these are in an advanced state.

Lack of proper space continues to be a challenge, and again, we are negotiating for an extension of the built area so that we can accommodate the new activities of both, the new research program and that of the National Institute. Still there is no doubt that, despite the visibility and the capacity to bring research grants to the University, NEV is the least supported Center at the university, and this is clearly expressed in its almost primitive installations.
5. OBJECTIVES TO BE ACHIEVED IN 2009

5.1. Research

The research program is organized around three research lines. The research program proposes to explore the paradox of the unstable combination of changes and authoritarian continuities founded in Brazilian democratic transition and consolidation. At the broader level we seek to contribute to answer the question about what kind of democracy can develop in such complex contexts such as Brazil. This implies the study of the actual process of governance to identify in how far basic tenets of democracy are being respected. The focus will be on public security but we will also continue to monitor human rights in its full meaning giving at first priority to the right to physical integrity: to be protected from violence either by agents of the state or by others as key element to enjoy other rights. Governance is to be evaluated both by the actual results it produces in public security but also as how this performance is evaluated by the public and its effects on the development of a human rights culture and in the support for Rule of Law.

Line I) The implementation (or lack of) of democratic rule of law: public security or insecurity?

A group of core questions refers to the survival of states of un-rule of law, or the opposite of rule of law, in an otherwise democratic context. This can be interpreted as a symptom of the weakness of the institutions, and it is visible in the presence of systemic corruption within sectors of the civil service, within political parties and courts and by the growth organized crime and also in the institutions resistance to change. More recently some states have been the focus of investigations at all levels of government, due to evidence that corruption, fraud, and mismanagement of public funds were taking place amidst violence by state agents against the population and coercion of voters during elections. In two of these states parliamentary inquests and investigations by the Federal Police reported such breakdown in the respect of the laws promoted by local authorities as found in cases of “failed states”. Representing cases of extreme condition of un-rule of law, covering two different periods in recent history, they constitute a privileged starting point to examine the impact that such extreme conditions have on citizen’s support for democracy and for rule of law. They can teach us about whether the damage caused, by the state of near anarchy in local government, can be remedied once investigations take place and some punishment occurs. The cases of the states of Acre and Rondônia will be studied through the Project Violence and Frontiers (Violências e Fronteiras). The analysis will use multiple sources: official documents, parliamentary reports, court documents, coverage by the press, NEV’s database, NGO’s, interviews with significant informants, and survey with residents. For 2009 it will start with the results of Parliamentary inquiries that focused on these states will identify key political and economic processes that fed un-rule of
law as well as to document the evolution of human rights violations in the last 30 years in both states as reported by human rights reports (including those from NEV) and by the media in the gross human rights violations database data base.

Line II) Public security, police performance and democratic political culture – the preconditions for a Human Rights Culture

Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides. One of the key institutions to ensure the protection of rights, and a key state actor in its opposite – the violation of human rights, is the police. The well functioning of this institution is fundamental to promote security to reduce fear and to secure the right to life. What role does impunity play for the development of human rights culture and in public support for democratic rule of law? This question is to be answered by the Project: Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides. (A Investigação Policial e o Processo Judicial do Crime de Homicídio no Município de São Paulo). The objectives of this project are to assess: 1- police work conditions (human and material resources) to investigate homicide cases; 2) work load and routines; 3) organizational culture (values, perceptions of perpetrators and victims, perception of how laws should be enforced, priorities for investigation, meaning of homicide, procedures for investigation, criteria for selection of cases to be investigated, etc.).

The analysis of factors that affect the institutional performance of the criminal justice system in the case of homicides will be based on technical reports, institutional evaluation documents, historical documents available at NEV’s database (laws, norms, procedures, decrees that guide investigations and the judicial process) and qualitative data from interviews with members of the criminal justice system covering the same period as that of the actual cases of homicide2- the source of the data for the analysis of their performance (1991-1997).

At this stage a qualitative analysis of the 197 cases of homicide selected for the sample will be performed as soon as the statistical analysis is finished. The statistical analysis in course seeks to identify what factors explain the difference in outcomes of homicide cases: the role that social context and the judicial context play as well as that judicial and biographical profiles play in the outcomes. This analysis will help identify the legal and extra-legal factors that contribute to impunity. Also this year a qualitative analysis of the data available (police inquests and judicial processes) will start. This will demand the digitalization of existing documents. Data from interviews with police officers, public prosecutors and judges on their perceptions of how homicide cases should be processed will also be analyzed (originally collected for

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2 Homicide cases that were the focus of the project “Assessment of the level of penal impunity (1991-1997)”. This study revealed that high levels of impunity are in part due to the selectiveness of police investigators. Two variables were identified as explaining this selectiveness: known aggressor and whether the perpetrator was arrested in flagranti. Homicide cases that fell in one or another of the two conditions were more often object of a police inquiry. When cases are referred to prosecutors, and thus to courts, there is more formality and less selectiveness of law enforcement agents. This research has revealed the actual level of penal impunity; the identification of legal and extra-legal factors that explain the decision to archive cases and actual decision to punish (sentencing) or not (not guilty).
the project *Continuidade Autoritária e Construção de Democracia*, NEV-USP entre 1994-1998, -[www.nevusp.org](http://www.nevusp.org). Finally an analysis of the rules and legislations that discipline the use of appeals in the criminal justice system will also be done.

Results expected for this year are: report to be disseminated through the institutional website of NEV and through papers to be submitted to periodicals in Brazil and abroad. Results will also be used for regular courses (undergraduate and post-graduated) at USP as well as in the e-learning courses specially designed for the police and members of the criminal justice system.

Feelings of impunity derive not only from the perception that cases are not properly investigated but also from the length of time between the reporting of the case and final sentencing. The project “*Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides*” will also focus on the length of time between the actual reporting of the cases and final sentencing. This is a much neglected theme in studies about the criminal judicial system in Brazil. **The time of justice: its impact in the production of penal impunity** will measure the time that it took for the different phases of the police inquiry and the penal process to be processed and analyze the relationship between this and its impact on penal impunity. In this first year the research will accomplish: a) an update of the literature on flow of justice as well as in justice tardiness; b) development of the analytical framework; c) organizations of the qualitative data (police inquiries and judicial process) for analysis.

II.a- Obstacles for a human rights culture

**Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Study Group.** The group is to present a research proposal for the Brazilian Ministry of Justice to evaluate new proposals of legislative instruments of participative democracy. The expected results are the publication of papers in national and international journals, based on the analysis of data collected and the research material produced at the NEV. It will also participate in the publication of books; participate in Seminars and congresses of the area and in the organization of internal and external seminars. The Democracy, Justice and Human Rights: Critical Theory Studies group (DJDH) will dedicate two semesters of to study: a) Democracy, Environment and Human Dignity, and b) Democracy, Education for Human Rights. In each semester three activities will take place: discussions on the bibliography, definition of papers for discussion and an open seminar with presentations of the results of the research carried out during the semester.

**Quasi longitudinal survey: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and attitudes to justice, rights and punishment and human rights**

The impact that the performance of law enforcing agencies has on the public’s trust in these institutions, in the legal framework as deterrents to the use of violence, and their effects on the public’s support for the rule of law, and in particular their reactions to impunity will be measured by the sub-project *The quasi*
Many still believe that suspects of crimes are not entitled any form of protection including against torture, as force may be justified to contain crime at any cost. This is a sign of problems for a human rights culture to develop, as an effective democratic Rule of Law is essential for this culture. Public support for the Rule of Law is a powerful obstacle to the return of repressive measures. It is also an indicator that a civilizing process is in place. The capacity of authorities to enforce laws that are “non-retroactive, and in public knowledge universal, stable, predictable and non-ambiguous” or Rule of Law, is thus a pre-requisite for peaceful society.

If democracy and human rights culture demand the existence of effective democratic Rule of Law, what can be expected for the future of democracy in Brazil? What role does impunity play for the development of a human rights culture and in the support of democratic Rule of Law? What support do we find for the Rule of law among the population- what are the pre-conditions for a human rights culture? These questions we try to answer through this series of surveys, regularly applied by NEV since 2001 to residents in São Paulo, allows us to answer the questions concerning the obstacles to the development of a human rights culture, and to explore the role that fear and insecurity play in the resistance to the concept of universal access to human rights.

In this project the focus is on the role that exposure to violence (victimization) plays in socially shared representations, attitudes and values about justice, punishment and human rights; how such exposure affects their perception of their neighborhood and of public services- particular the quality of their experiences with law enforcement agencies and the expectations that they hold about future contacts, of social capital and civility within the community, of the causes of violence and in their acceptance or rejection of the use of violence as legitimate means to solve conflict and to discipline children.

Since youth are the most victimized age group, and also the group that has worse experience with law enforcement agencies, part of the survey explores youth’s values and expectations for the future as well as the experiences of their peers as victims of violence. In 2009 we will concentrate in the statistical analysis of the data collected so far and in preparing a book on the violence and human rights and a series of papers on the relations between the experience of violence and attitudes to human rights.

The growth of homicide is interpreted as an indicator of the failure of the state and of democracy to reduce existing deprivations, and to improve access to rights (on the prevention side) and to, with full respect for rights and protections, repress by punishing those responsible for crimes (the deterrence side). What are the causes of the fall in homicide, specifically in the state of São Paulo? Why and how in
a context expansion of organized crime, corruption and gross human rights violations violence levels homicide is declining? “The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes” and “Analysis of the fall in the homicide rate of youth in the city of São Paulo, 2000-2008”: are complementary projects that address the questions listed above. The first will identify the size and the causes for the fall in homicide in the state, and will compare this to the homicide in key economic regions of the state: Campinas, Ribeirão Preto, Franca, São José do Rio Preto, Votuporanga, e Presidente Prudente, while the second project will focus on a specific age group in the city of São Paulo.

Official data on homicide will be collected from various sources: law enforcement agencies, Ministry of Health. Variables to be examined are: SES, age, gender, efficacy of the disarmament legislation (number of firearms apprehended), investments in public security, education, income, housing conditions (quality/crowding), labor (jobs per 10,000 residents) employment/unemployment rates, public policies for populations at risk such as: early closing of bars; improvements in communities that present overlapping deprivations and so forth. Data on gross human rights violations from NEV’s databases will also be used to characterize communities (lynching, executions and use of force by the police). Furthermore data on violence prevention initiatives by NGO’s will be collected from WHO’s (World Health Organization) Inventory on Violence Prevention Initiatives identified in the State of São Paulo. Data on the independent variables will be collected for a longer period: 1980 to 2007 as the present fall in homicide may be a result of changes that accumulated over time. In 2009 all the secondary data necessary to test the hypothesis will be retrieved from all official sources and organized in a data base. Descriptive analysis with normality tests will be performed to prepare for multivariate analyses, as well as, for geo-statistics.

**Line III) Monitoring Humans Rights**

**III.a- The present**

Since we propose to explore the paradox of unstable combination of changes and continuities in Brazilian democracy, the study of the process of governance is a key element to identify in how far basic tenets of democracy are being respected. Governance is to be evaluated both by the actual results it produces in public security but also as how this performance is evaluated by the public and its effects on the development of a human rights culture and in the support for Rule of Law. Though the focus is on public security, we will continue to monitor human rights in its full meaning for even universal access to civil rights continue to be a challenge for democracy in Brazil. The links between the protection of human rights and public security policies are still weak as they remain perceived as autonomous spheres of governmental action.
To what extent human rights violations continue to occur in Brazil and who are the groups most at risk? This question we try to answer through the project “Monitoring Human Rights Violations”. Since 1987 NEV monitors human rights violations in Brazil, through the systematic collection of data from official sources: the Census Bureau-IBGE, in their household surveys (PNADs), and data from public registrar office (birth and death), Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Housing, Institute of Research and Applied Economics (IPEA), State Secretariat for Human Rights, FUNAI (National Indian Foundation), CIMI (Catholic Church Missionary Council for Indians), Human rights NGO’s, reports on the profile of the criminal justice system, on human development, information on threats to the freedom of press from International Press Associations, on gross human rights violation using national newspapers as sources (Police Violence, Lynching and Executions), and so forth.

In 2009 this project is to edit and print the 4th National Report on Human Rights, to produce a balance of Police Violence in Brazil 20 years after the first studies on abusive use of force became public. Through this balance we hope to begin to answer some of the questions concerning the quality of democracy in Brazil for we are assuming that as suggested by Bayley “police activities are a barometer of the character of a regime”.

We will identify: what has changed in terms of police use of lethal force, involvement in extra judicial killings, and torture and carry out a preliminary assessment of the efficacy of measures adopted so far to prevent the abusive use of force by the police: the transfer of jurisdiction of military police accused of homicide from military courts to civilian courts, the introduction of police ombudsoffices to improve external control over the police, the legislation to punish torture, changes in training, the introduction of human rights training in police academies and so forth. In so doing we will attempt to measure how the police forces react to reform and to democracy. This will result in a book and in series of papers.

III.b- The past

To what extent the lack of closure promoted by the general amnesty, a pre-condition for the transition to democracy is an obstacle to effective democratic rule of law? In other words can we have democratic rule of law while denying past violations? This question is to be answered by the project: Mechanisms of extra-judicial reparation for victims of human rights violations: the Latin American experience: During 2009, we will do a comparative study on the most representatives Truth Commissions in Latin-American States: Argentina, Chile and Peru. The analysis will include: (i) the historical aspects; (ii) the legitimacy and popular representation and (iii) the application of the mechanisms of truth, justice, reconciliation and reparations. Also each of the Truth Commissions will be analysed to identify: a) the breadth of the mandate of the Commissioners to investigate war crimes, torture, and terrorism committed by public agents according to their position in hierarchical military and power ranking; b) whether the
crimes against humanity and the genocide committed were or will be investigated by a Judicial Court; c) if hearings were open to the public in general; d) if the Commissioners had a mandate to investigate the causes of conflicts in their social, political, ideological and historical aspects, in order to contribute to the construction of a public and national memory and e) if Commissioners had a mandate to offer reparations to the victims, as well as public apologies in the name of the State.

Measuring the Effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America: the role of the Organization of American States Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, 1970-1985. In 1959, the OAS established the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR). At first the IACHR promoted human rights by making recommendations to governments of member states, preparing studies or reports, urging member states to supply information on measures adopted by them in matters of human rights. This role changed dramatically after 1970 when the IACHR received petitions about human rights abuses committed by the Brazilian military dictatorship (1964-85). The dossiers about the torture of Brazilian political prisoners were so complete, and compelling, that the IACHR modified its past practice of merely advising countries and held that the Brazilian government was involved in the “gross violation of human rights.” This new forum for the denunciation of torture in Latin America became particularly important after 1973 when the military came to power in Uruguay and Chile. Emboldened by the results of the Brazilian petitions, human rights activists, in these countries, appealed to the Commission. Hundreds of cases were filed, setting a precedent for the United Nations Human Rights Commission that until the late 1970s had been slow in responding to such cases. This pattern was to model the strategies of Human Rights Organizations formed in the 1980’s.

This study proposes to document the efficacy of petitioning such institutions by examining the history of the IACHR’s response to the dramatic increase in human rights denunciations in the 1970s. We will measure the effectiveness of this approach through archival research and interviews with ex-Commissioners, lawyers, and former political prisoners. How successful was the IACHR in diminishing torture in Latin America? To what extent did these cases affect the human rights climate where violations occurred? Did international oversight made a difference? What are the implications for current debates about the use of torture? In the first year of the project, research team will analyze the Brazilian cases archived in Washington, D.C. and conduct interviews with former political prisoners in Brazil. The project is waiting for a clearance from the IACHR to have access to the archived documents.

Our participation in the two reports: Citizen Security and Human Rights in the Americas, and on Juvenile Justice in the Americas will continue with the regional consultations, in course, and the analysis of governmental responses to the questionnaires. The reports are scheduled to be launched at the end of 2010. The reports are being prepared under the coordination and supervision of Paulo Sergio Pinheiro, coordinator, CEPID/NEV/USP, with the cooperation and support of the Inter-American
III.c - The future

Fostering healthy early development
This project aims at the reduction of violence, by improving the access that pregnant adolescents have to rights. It is based in the assumption that improved access to rights (for this age group: 0 to 18 years), enhances their chances for healthy development (physical, mental and emotional) and is a cornerstone for trust to evolve. This means not only trust in others, but also trust in the system: in laws, in rights and duties and thus rules and this in turn are pre-conditions for a culture of respect for human rights and part of the civilizing process. The Brazilian state still fails to ensure full access, of the neediest groups, to basic rights. Not even the right to citizenship is secured, given that between 30% to 5% of the children born number in the country each year, are not officially registered. Without a birth certificate they are excluded from any access to rights. The poorest and least educated groups are the most affected by lack of universal access to rights and pregnant adolescents are at a greater risk of passing this exclusion to a new generation.

In 2009 the development of home visitation protocols will continue with: a) pre-test of the protocols with adolescents and their families in São Paulo and in Porto Alegre, b) refinement and pre-test of the protocols to train home visitors, c) advance in negotiations with the state secretariats of Health of São Paulo and Rio Grande do Sul for future transfer of the methodology and advance in the development of tools to evaluate the pilot experiment. A pre-test of the methodology will be carried out with 10 pregnant adolescents in São Paulo and 10 in Porto Alegre.

Evaluation of the program fostering healthy early development. Protocols for the quantitative evaluation of the pilot experiment are nearly finished, along 2009 the team will develop the qualitative tools that will be used. Both quantitative and qualitative tools will be pre-tested in the field along with the pre-pilot that is to take place.

5.2. Knowledge transfer

5.2.1 Websites

NEV’s Institutional website: The new version of the site will be available along with the site for the National Institute of Science and Technology. Reports and unpublished manuscripts from NEV are being
digitalized to be made available in the new site for downloads. A new area for videos and audios will be available this year.

**NEV-Cidadão (guiadosdireitos), (NEV-Citizen):** The site supported by Joomla, with a new design and with data on the Metropolitan Region of São Paulo will be launched. The area with information about rights and public services will be enlarged. There will be more emphasis in disseminating information about the site in areas such as internet areas in community centres and in public schools. Also improve the accessibility and user friendliness through a user’s satisfaction survey.

**Youth rights' guide website:** A website will be developed together with middle and high school students from public schools on children’s rights and on citizenship rights, to be used in their daily activities. This website will be built initially involving 4 middle schools in São Paulo. The audience is that of all youth with access to the internet. The development of the website will be in situ using the infra-structure of the schools. The Institute will coordinate the project and train the students to use necessary tools. Drawing from the experience NEV had with Youth Human Rights Observatories and Reports we will encourage youth to translate human rights and citizenship rights to useful information for their day to day and that of their communities. It is expected that this project will: 1- raise their awareness about democracy and human rights; 2- encourage critical thought; 3- encourage involvement in community issues and raise their awareness about the public sphere; 4- increase civility; 5- improve their access to the social protections present in the Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente; 6- provide them with skills in electronic media; 7- promote greater social activism among youth and 8- encourage the exercise of citizenship rights.

**Safety and Citizenship website: promoting violence prevention and transparency in the public security domain.** In 2009 we will: a) update the Brazilian literature on the themes covered by the site; b) select, translate and adapt international literature; c) prepare texts on the themes selected; d) continue the development of the structure and content of the website; e) implement and maintain the website.

**Website of the National Institute of Science and Technology: Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security:** A website containing information about the Institute’ composition, research, education and knowledge transfer program is being designed and will be available in March 2009.

**Digital Human Rights Violations database:** In 2009 we will open access to the public to the image database with the total of scanned news clippings images (65.334 clippings). It is expected that 40.000 clippings will be transformed into text in the coming months, and that the remaining 20.000 will be ready in the first semester of 2010. The software that allows for more complex searches of the text material is
ready and will be open for internal users in the next three months. Researchers will have access to the cases in the data bases as soon as they are transcribed into text files.

e.journal- Two editions will be prepared this year.

5.2.2 Seminars

With CEM (Centro de Estudos da Metrópole) NEV will hold a series of seminars to discuss the role of the Labor market- informal/illega/legal in violence and crime and in particular the connections with and opportunities for organized crime.

Truth Commissions, Amnesties and Accountability: what the recent history of Latin America can teach Brazil. An International seminar to debate: the role of amnesty in the right to memory, and transitional justice.

5.2.3 Other

NEV-Unesco Chair on Human Rights Education: NEV will continue to collaborate with the Unesco Chair for Human Rights to optimize the efforts by both institutions.

5.3. Education

As programmed in the activities of the National Institute teaching will be strengthen as well as co-supervision through: a) joint courses in situ and through courses delivered by the internet (e.learning); b) exchange of lecturers and researchers to teach short term courses between partner institutions, also as means to increase interaction and dialogue between researchers, lecturers and students; c) exchange of post-graduated students among partner institutions to diversify and enrich their training experience, both to participate in field work and in courses; d) monthly video conference by researchers and post-graduate degree students to be shared by all partners, followed by debate. These video conferences will be taped so that they can be retrieved and reviewed by partners as well as made available to the general public via partners’ sites.

The courses to be shared by the partners will offer disciplines exploring the following contents: democracy, human rights and Rule of Law: democratization, globalization and organized crime; theoretical models to explain violence and crime in contemporary societies (organized crime, interpersonal violence, family violence with special emphasis on gender, race and age issues); democracy, lynching, extra judicial executions and hired killings; reform of public security policies and criminal justice- in particular juvenile justice; police reform and organizational culture (in particular the
impact over professional identities; and human rights (history and evolution). Another line of course will be aimed at methodological issues such as: a) sources to study democracy, violence and crime, Rule of Law, and cultural change (archival, historical, data series, collective and institutional memories, governmental and non-governmental reports); methods to study human rights, Rule of Law, cultural change, violence and crime in particular organized crime- developing data bases, using computerized techniques for qualitative data analysis, analysis of data series, and longitudinal data, geo-statistics, data collection techniques, surveys, interviews, focus groups, observational methods). A special course on scientific language applied to the social sciences will be designed to improve the performance of higher degrees candidates in writing papers for publication.

**Short courses on monitoring human rights**: week long course to refine methods and indicators to monitor human rights, to promote dialogue between officials in charge of producing social indicators, human rights scholars and activists on methods and indicators to assess the state of human rights and finally to develop teaching tools to be used in future e.format courses. Secondary objectives include: update the debate on means to monitor human rights, improve existing methods and indicators, promote the exchange of international and expertise on human rights monitoring and researching. Statisticians and researchers will be invited to lecture for a week for an audience of Brazilian researchers and public officials from local, state and federal departments in charge of social and economic, cultural and environmental data as well as from the criminal justice system, from other human rights organizations and academic researcher sin this field. The week long courses will be distributed along the next three years. Lecturers will be invited to present a paper for publication and the lectures will be filmed for future adaptation to e.format.

**Short term course to review the Authoritarian Personality**: The Frankfurt School and Habermas: Obstacles to the development of a human rights culture- what tools can education provide to reinforce a greater acceptance for human rights? How can education foster tolerance, respect for pluralism and citizen participation in political life? What role can the arts, education and media play in the transformation of culture? Based on the contributions from J. Habermas and A. Honneth this series of seminars for Law students will address the obstacles to the development of a human rights culture. The seminars will be carried out in partnership with the International Group for the Study of Critical Theory at the Institute of Social Research coordinated by Axel Honneth.

**Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice**: This course was selected to be regularly available through the Virtual University of the State of São Paulo- UNIVESP directed at the same public: civil and military police officers, public prosecutors and judges.
8th REPORT OF THE CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF VIOLENCE  
CEPID FAPESP PROGRAM – 1st of January 2008 to 31st of December 2008

APPENDIX 1 - PUBLICATIONS
List of references to publications, books, manuscripts or preprints

1. Books


2. Book chapters


2.1. Introductions


3. Publications in periodicals


Levy, Wilson. O Controle Difuso de Constitucionalidade e os Direitos Fundamentais: Investigações para uma Ampliação Conceitual. Revista da Ajuris (Qualis A Nacional - Direito);

Levy, Wilson; Cabral, Priscilla; Rouanet, Luiz P. Apontamentos sobre o conceito de democracia em Habermas. Humanidades em Revista, Janeiro/junho 2008.


**4. Manuscripts**


**5. Magazines and Newspapers' Articles**

Cardia, N. “Medos urbanos”. In Revista E SESCSP, no. 134, julho, p: 36-39


Kashiura Jr., C. N. “Consumo e... solidariedade?”. Diário Novo Jornal, Dracena-SP, 06 jul. 2008.


6. Publications in electronic magazines


7. Annals


Levy, Wilson. O conceito de democracia no pensamento de Jürgen Habermas: apontamentos para uma crítica da democracia brasileira contemporânea - Anais do 60º Encontro Anual da Sociedade Brasileira para o Progresso da Ciência (SBPC - Qualis A Nacional);


8. Reports


9. Preprints

9.1. Books

Pinheiro, Paulo Sérgio. Brazil: A century of Change, University of California Press, April 2009

9.2. Book chapters


Caçapava, E. P.; Vilares, F. “O crime organizado e o terrorismo na França”. Title to be defined and to be published in 2009.


Pinheiro, Paulo Sérgio. “O governo Fernando Henrique Cardoso e os Direitos Humanos”. In: Maria Ângela D’Incao; Hermínio Martins. (Org.). *Democracia, Crise, Reforma - Estudos sobre a época de Fernando Henrique Cardoso*, 2009.


9.3. Publications in periodicals

9.3.1. In press: submitted and accepted


Bastos, Lucia E. A. F. “A Lei de Anistia Brasileira: os Crimes Conexos, a Dupla Via e os Tratados de Direitos Humanos”. In: Revista da Faculdade de Direito da USP, n° 103, to be published in 2009.


9.3.2. Submitted

Bastos, Lucia E. A. F. “As Leis de Anistia Face ao Direito Internacional e à Justiça Transicional”. In: Revista de Direito Constitucional e Internacional.

Bastos, Lucia E. A. F. “A Violência e a Responsabilização nos Regimes Ditatoriais”. In: Revista Eletrônica do NEV/USP.

9.4. Annals


1. Course organized by NEV

Course: Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice (Curso de Gestão Organizacional em Segurança Pública e Justiça Criminal) Coordinators: Paulo Mesquita Neto and Nancy Cardia
Researcher Responsible: Viviane Cubas
Organization: NEV/USP
Place: e.learning
Date/duration: 19/05/2008 to 19/09/2008
Audience: 87 students

2. Participation in external courses [Lectures and presentations]

Title/Theme: “Interdição, como fazer” (How to interdict)
Researcher: Marília de Oliveira Campos e Telles
Course: Palestra para a Associação Brasileira de Alzheimer
Organization: Associação Brasileira de Alzheimer – Regional São Paulo, Grupo de Apoio do Hospital Santa Catarina, São Paulo (Alzheimer Brazilian Association – São Paulo Section, Support Group of Santa Catarina Hospital).
Place: Auditório da Associação Brasileira de Alzheimer – Regional São Paulo, Grupo de Apoio do Hospital Santa Catarina, São Paulo.
Date/Duration: 04/12/2008
Audience: Lawyers, psychologists and social workers.

Title/Theme: “A rede de enfrentamento à violência contra a mulher em Minas Gerais – reflexões sobre o trabalho em rede” (The network to prevent violence against women in the state of Minas Gerais – reflexions on working in network)
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Course: Curso de Capacitação em Gênero para as Equipes de Profissionais da Rede de Enfrentamento à Violência Contra as Mulheres e do Consórcio ‘Mulheres das Gerais’
Organization: COMDIM - Coordenadoria de Direitos da Mulher/Prefeitura de Belo Horizonte. (Department for Women’s Rights of the Municipality of Belo Horizonte).
Place: Belo Horizonte
Date/ Duration: 01/12/2008.
Audience: civil servants from management and from the network of support to women at risk of domestic violence in the Metropolitan Region of Belo Horizonte.

Title/Theme: Integração entre políticas preventivas e repressivas de segurança (discipline). (How to integrate preventive and repressive security polices).
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Organization: Fundação Escola de Sociologia e Política.
Place: São Paulo
Date/ Duration: October to November, 2008 (16 hours)
Audience: military police officers, civil police officers and municipal guards.

Title/Theme: Sistema brasileiro de segurança pública. (The Brazilian Public Security System)
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Course: Políticas de Gestão em Segurança Pública (Public Security Management Policies)
Organization: Pontifícia Universidade Católica (Catholic University)
Place: São Paulo
Date/ Duration: October to November, 2008 (20 hours)
Audience: military police officers, civil police officers and municipal guards and NGOs.

Title/Theme: "A teoria geral do Direito e o Marxismo; a atualidade de Pasukanis". (General Theory of Law and Marxism; the contemporaneity of Pasukanis).
Researcher: Oswaldo Akamine
Course: UNINOVE Direito (Law School of Uninove University)
Organization: UNINOVE
Place: UNINOVE – São Paulo
Date/ Duration: 29/11/2008 (2 hours)
Audience: lawyers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: “Lei Maria da Penha. Uma leitura sociológica sobre os avanços e obstáculos para sua implementação”. (Maria da Penha Law: A sociological reading about the progress and obstacles for implementation).
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Course: Single Lecture
Organization: CREAS - Centro de Referência Especializado de Assistência Social / Itapetinga (Reference Center for Specialized Social Work).
Date/duration: 25/11/ 2008 (3 hours).
Audience: City councilmen, local public administrators and civil servants from the network of support to women at risk of domestic violence.

Title/Theme: "Os 20 anos da Constituição Federal Brasileira: reflexões sobre a eficácia e os desafios dos Direitos Humanos no Brasil". (20 years of Brazilian Federal Constitution: reflexions about the efficacy and challenges to Human Rights in Brazil).
Researcher: Oswaldo Akamine

Course: Seminário de mesmo tema (Same as above)
Organization: UNINOVE University.
Place: UNINOVE
Date/Duration: 06 and 07/11/2008 (2 hours).
Audience: lawyers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: “A Evolução Histórica dos Direitos Humanos” (The Historical Evolution of Human Rights)
Researcher: Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Organization: Cátedra UNESCO/USP sobre Educação para Paz, Direitos Humanos, Democracia e Tolerância & University of São Paulo – School of Medicine
Place: University of São Paulo – School of Medicine
Date/Duration: 21 and 24/10/2008 (4 hours)
Audience: undergraduate students from the School of Medicine

Title/Theme: 18 anos do Estatuto da Criança e do Adolescente: produção acadêmica e reflexões sobre o tema. (18th anniversary of the Child and Adolescent Statute: Academic production and reflexions on the theme).
Researcher: Vitor Blotta
Course: Ciclo de Palestras sobre os 18 do ECA (Lectures on celebration of the 18th Anniversary of the Child and Adolescent Statute).
Organization: Faculdade de Direito do Mackenzie. Law School at Mackenzie University
Place: Auditório Rui Barbosa Mackenzie
Date: 01/10/2008 (1 hour)
Audience: Undergraduate students from Universidade Mackenzie
Title/ Theme: Estrutura Social e Sistema Punitivo (Social Structure and the Punishment System)
Researchers: Fernando Salla
Course: Curso de Gestão para Diretores das Unidades Penais do Paraná (Prison System Management for Prison Directors in Paraná State)
Organization: Governo do estado do Paraná (Parana state government)
Place: Curitiba - PR
Date: 27/08/2008
Audience: 30 directors of prisons in the state of Paraná

Title/Theme: Guarda compartilhada de filhos, aspectos práticos (Shared custody of children: practical aspects)
Researcher: Marília de Oliveira Campos e Telles
Course: Guarda compartilhada de filhos, aspectos práticos - Prof. Ms. Gustavo Rene Nicolau
Organization: Associação dos Advogados de São Paulo – AASP (Lawyers Association of São Paulo)
Place: Auditório da AASP
Date/Duration: 18/08/08 (2 hours)
Audience: lawyers, psychologists and the general public.

Title/ Theme: Sistema Penitenciário e Crime Organizado no Brasil (The penal system and organized crime in Brazil)
Researchers: Fernando Salla
Course: II Curso de Especialização em Segurança Pública e Cidadania (II Specialization Course on Public Security and Citizenship)
Organization: Universidade de Brasilia (Brasilia University)
Place: Universidade de Brasilia
Date: 04/07/2008
Audience: Police officers, prison wardens, teachers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: Treinamento de Conciliadores (Training Conflict Mediators)
Researcher: Marília de Oliveira Campos e Telles
Course: Treinamento de Conciliadores - Dr. Ricardo da Cunha Chimenti Organization: Secretaria da Primeira Instância do Tribunal de Justiça de São Paulo
Place: Auditório do TJSP
Date/Duration: 05/05/08 (2 hours)
Audience: Lawyers, psychologists and social workers.

Title/Theme: Direito Internacional Penal (International Criminal Law)
Researcher: Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Course: Laboratório de Ciências Criminais do Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (IBCCRIM)
Organization: Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais – IBCCRIM (Brazilian Institute of Criminal Science)
Place: Instituto Brasileiro de Ciências Criminais (IBCCRIM), São Paulo - SP
Date/Duration: 05/05/2008 (2 hours)
Audience: Undergraduate law students

Title/Theme: Experiências internacionais em Segurança Pública (International experiences of Public Security management)
Researcher: Cristina Neme
Course: Gestão Local em Segurança Pública (Local Management of Public Security)
Organization: Oficina Municipal – Escola de Cidadania e Gestão Local (Citizenship and Local Management School)
Place: São Paulo
Date/ Duration: 18/04/2008 (4 hours)
Audience: military police agents, civil police agents, municipal gards and representativs from various NGOs.

Researcher: Vitor Blotta
Course: Ciclo de Palestras 2008 do Curso de Pedagogia da Faculdade IESCAMP (Cicle of Lecture from de Education School on)
Organization: IESCAMP University
Place: Auditório Faculdade IESCAMP
Date/Duration: 09/04/2008 (3 hours)
Audience: Undergraduate students from School of Education IESCAMP University

Title/Theme: O processo civil ambiental (Civil Process for the Environment)
Researcher: Mario Attanasio Jr.
Course: Curso de Especialização em Direito Ambiental
Organization: Unicep
Place: Unicep
Duration: 1 ano
Date: 2008
Audience: Lawyers and undergraduate students.
Title/Theme: O direito ambiental no âmbito do poder judiciário (Environmental law and the judiciary)
Researcher: Mario Attanasio Jr.
Course: Curso de Especialização em Direito Ambiental
Organization: Unicep
Place: Unicep
Duration: 1 ano
Date: 2008
Audience: Lawyers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: “Urban Violence and youth victimization”
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Course: Cities in the 21st Century- Spring 2008
Place: Mackenzie University
Date: 13th of March 2008
Audience: undergraduate students from US universities
1. Presentation at Seminars, Congresses and Workshops

1.1. International Seminars

Title/Theme: What should a future human rights agenda cover and what are the major challenges in addressing this?
Date: 20th to 24 of January 2009
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: Protecting Human Dignity: An Agenda for Human Rights
Place: London

Title/Theme: "Child Maltreatment and the World Report on Violence against Children"
Date: December 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: London

Title/Theme: An agenda for Human Rights
Date: 5th of December 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Geneva

Title/Theme: Opportunities and obstacles for violence prevention
Dates: 2nd and 3rd of December 2008
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Venue: Violence Prevention Alliance Meeting
Place: PAHO-Washington DC
Audience: representatives of violence prevention donor organizations and violence prevention non-governmental organizations.
Title/ Theme: A extradição de Fujimori (The extradition of Fujimori)
Date: December 2008
Researchers: Cláudia Perrone-Moisés
Venue: Réseau ID (Internationalisation du Droit) Franco-Brésilien.
Place: Unité Mixte de Recherche (UMR) – Paris - France
Audience: professors, judges and researchers in international law

Title/ Theme: – Mudança Social e Cidadania. (Social Change and Citizenship)
Date: 17th to 23rd of November, 2008.
Organization: University of Salamanca
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: I Congresso de Estudiosos Europeus sobre o Brasil (I Congress of European Scholars on Brazil)
Place: Spain

Title/Theme: Atención a la Primera Infancia e el Impacto en la Reducción de la Pobreza y la Violencia. (Attention on First Childhood and impact in poverty and violence)
Date: 24th and 25th, November, 2008.
Researcher: Renato Alves
Organization: Health Department of the State of Rio Grande do Sul and UNICEF
Venue: V Seminário internacional da primeira infância: Secretaria Estadual de Saúde do rio Grande do Sul; UNICEF. (V International Seminary about First Childhood)
Place: Pontifícia Universidade Católica do RS - PUC/RS
Audience: public administrators, health professionals, scholars, civil servants, undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: Seguridad ciudadana. (Citizen Security)
Date: 20th and 21st of November, 2008.
Researcher: Renato Alves
Organization: Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, UNICEF and UN Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights
Venue: Seguridad ciudadana y derechos humanos en las Américas. (Citizen Security and Human Rights in American Countries)
Place: Assunción, Paraguay
Audience: Schoolars, researchers and workers in the field of juvenile justice on South American Countries.
Title/ Theme: Descentralización y Seguridad Ciudadana: un análisis desde la teoría crítica de la sociedad. (Decentralisation and Citizen Security: an analysis from the Critical Theory of Society)
Date: 21st of November, 2008.
Researcher: Vitor Blotta
Venue: Gobiernos Locales y Seguridad Ciudadana (Local Governments and Citizen Security)
Place: Facultades Latino-americanas de Ciencias Sociales - FLACSO. Quito, Equador.
Audience: representatives from states Governments, police officers, researchers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: State of the art of Juvenile Justice
Date: 20th and 21st of November 2008
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Asunción

Title/ Theme: – Violência Urbana. (Urban Violence).
Date: 07th to 10th of November, 2008
Organization: Universidad Nacional de Colombia
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário Internacional La Violencia em Em La sociedad actual: contextos, impactos y respuestas (International Seminary about Violence in contemporary Society: contexts, impacts and answers)
Place: Centro de Convenciones Alfonso López Pumarejo - Bogotá, Colombia

Title/Theme:
Date: 6th and 7th of November 2008
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Stockholm

Title/Theme:
Date: November 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Bilbao

Title/Theme: NEV’s activities in violence studies and in violence prevention.
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Venue: 18th Annual meeting of Heads of WHO Collaborating Centers on Injuries and Violence Prevention
Place: WHO-Geneva
Audience: Heads of Collaborating Centers

Date: 14th of October, 2008.
Researcher: Vitor Blotta
Venue: Regional Consultation for the Report on Citizen Security in the Americas
Place: Universidad del Litoral, Santa Fe, Argentina.
Audience: representatives from states Governments, researchers and undergraduate students.

Title/Theme: Ending Violence against Children in Juvenile Justice Systems.
Date: 1st to 3rd of October, 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: : From Words to Action, 2008
Place: Brussels

Title/Theme: Reading Burma
Date: 23rd of September, 2008
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: A Benefit for Cyclone Relief and Freedom of Expression in Burma/Myanmar, 2008
Place: New York

Title/Theme:
Date: 14th to 19th, September 2008.
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: Segunda reunión de expertos para la elaboración del estudio sobre seguridad ciudadana e derechos humanos en las Américas, 2008. (II Meeting of experts for elaboration of study on Citizen Security and Human Rights in America)
Place: Bogotá
Title/Theme: The Myanmar’s Road Map to the consolidation of military authoritarianism  
Date: 7th and 9th of September, 2008.  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Place: Prague

Title/Theme: Estado, Legitimidad y impunidad. (State, Legitimacy and lack of punishment)  
Date: 05th 08th of September, 2008  
Organization: ISA- International Sociological Association  
Researcher: Sergio Adorno  
Venue; First ISA Forum of Sociology  
Place: Barcelona, Spain

Title/Theme: Global Standards - Local Action  
Date: 28th and 29th of August 2008  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Place: Vienna

Title/Theme: Desafíos para el cumplimiento pleno y efectivo en el hemisferio del Protocolo Facultativo de la Convención sobre los Derechos del Niño relativo a la venta de niños, la prostitución infantil y la utilización de los niños en la pornografía. (Challenges for the effective implementation of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography).  
Date: 21st and 22nd of August 2008  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Venue: Reunión preparatoria de América Latina y el Caribe para el III Congreso Mundial contra la Explotación Sexual de Niños, Niñas y Adolescentes, 2008. (Preparatory meeting of Latin America and Caribbean for the III World Congress against sexual exploitation of children and youngsters).  
Place: Buenos Aires and Montevidéu
Title/Theme: The problem of crime in the Americas, the implications for democratic institutions over the next decade.
Date: 3th of April 2008
Researcher: Nancy Cardia
Venue: Confronting Crime in the Americas: Implications for Democratic Institutions - Sponsored by the Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs and the Office of External Research, Bureau of Intelligence & Research (INR) U.S. Department of State.
Place: Washington, DC.
Audience: Civil servants from the State Department and other agencies interested in security issues and or Latin America.

Title/ Theme: Estado e Segurança Pública no Brasil. (State and Public Security in Brazil)
Date: 19th to 26th, April, 2008
Organization: Konrad Adenauer Foundation
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: IX Simposium Brazil –
Place: Germany / Berlin, Germany

Title/Theme: the Protection of the Rights of the Child
Date: April 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Brussels

Title/ Theme: National inventory of interpersonnal violence prevention program in Brazil
Date: 15th to 18th of March, 2008
Researchers: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres, Caren Ruotti, Aline Galafassi, Tais Viudes Freitas, Juliana Feliciano de Almeida, Vanessa Orban, Diego Vicentin, Tatiana Bellucci, Guilhereme Ieno.
Place: Merida, Mexico
Audience: students, researchers, practitioners and researchers.

Title/ Theme: O acolhimento de Crianças e Jovens em instituição: perspectivas, desafios e paradigmas.
(Receiving children and youngsters in shelter institutions: perspectives, challenges and paradigms)
Date: 27th and 28th of March, 2008
Researcher: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: Porto

Title/ Theme: Bacharéis, Médicos e Criminologistas: os criminosos e seus "cientistas" no Brasil republicano (Lawyers, doctors and criminologists: the criminal and their scientists in Brasil)
Date: 27th to 29th, March, 2008.
Researcher: Marco César Alvarez
Organization: Brazilian Studies Association (BRASA)
Venue: IX Congresso da Brazilian Studies Association
Place: Tulane University, New Orleans, Louisiana
Audience: Students, researchers and the general public

Title/ Theme: Table ronde sur la Birmanie.
Date: 14 March 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: Geneva
Title/ Theme: The (un)rule of law in Brazil today: two decades after the transition from authoritarianism  
Date: 7 March 2008  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Place: Permanent Council of the OAS  
Audience: Ambassadors of the 34 member states of the OAS

Title/ Theme: Panorama da situação da Tortura no Brasil. (Panoramic view of the situation of torture in Brazil – I).  
Date: 27th of February, 2008  
Researchers: Fernando Salla  
Venue: I Seminário Internacional sobre a Tortura, promovido pelo Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (International Seminar on Torture, promoted by NEV)  
Place: Faculdade de Arquitetura e Urbanismo da USP  
Audience: Military and civil police officers and officials, representatives from the justice system (i.e: Judges, prosecutors etc.), representatives from governments, NGOs, researchers, undergraduate students and general public.

Title/ Theme: The Rights of the Child  
Date: February 2008  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Venue: Jamaica’s Peace Month, 2008.  
Place: Kingston

Title/ Theme: Medo e tortura: ética, valores e crueldade nos dias atuais (Fear and torture: ethics, values and cruelty in present days)  
Date: 25th to 27th of February, 2008.  
Researcher: Marco César Alvarez  
Organization: Centre for the Study of Violence  
Venue: Seminário Internacional sobre a Tortura. (I International Seminar about Torture)  
Place: Universidade de São Paulo  
Audience: Students, researchers and the general public

1.2. National Seminars

Title/ Theme: 60 Anos da Declaração dos Direitos Humanos. (60th Anniversary of Universal Declaration of Human Rights)
Date: 18th of December, 2008.
Organization: UFRGS (Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário 35 Anos do programa de Pós-Graduação Sociologia da UFRGS (Seminary on celebration of the 35th Anniversary of the post graduation program os Social Science in UFRGS)
Place: Porto Alegre- RS

Title/ Theme: O papel da Democracia na Consolidação dos Direitos Humanos: a Experiência Brasileira após a Ditadura Militar. (The Role of Democracy in Human Rights Consolidation: The Brazilian Experience after Military Dictatorship)
Date: 10th of December, 2008
Organization: Faculdade de Direito, USP (Law School of University of São Paulo)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Congresso Nacional de Celebração dos 60 Anos da Declaração Universal dos Direitos Humanos (National Congress in Celebration for the 60th Anniversary of Universal Human Rights Declaration)
Place: Faculdade de Direito, USP

Title/ Theme: Balanço da Pesquisa do NEV sobre as Ouvidorias de Polícia e Redução da Letalidade em Ações Policiais no Brasil - Date: 1th of December, 2008. (Report on NEV's research on Police Ombudsman Service and police lethality in Brazil)
Researchers: Fernando Salla
Venue: Seminário Nacional Ouvidorias de Polícia e Redução da Letalidade em Ações Policiais no Brasil.
Place: USP - São Paulo University
Audience: Police ombudsmen from various states of Brazil as well as researchers from the Centre.

Title/ Theme: Language and Freedom
Date: 30th of November, 2008
Researchers: Camila Akemi Perruso  
Venue: Colóquio Dominação ou Liberdade  
Place: São Paulo - SP  
Audience: undergraduated and graduated students from the School of Public Health.

Title/ Theme: A atualidade de Pachukanis. (General Theory of Law and Marxism; the contemporaneity of Pasukanis)  
Date: 29/11/2008.  
Researcher: Celso Kashiura  
Venue: Mesa redonda: A teoria geral do direito e o marxismo: a atualidade de E. B. Pasukanis para o direito contemporâneo.  
Place: UNINOVE – São Paulo  
Date: 29th of November, 2008.  
Audience: lawyers and undergraduate students.

Title/ Theme: Políticas de Segurança Pública: Passado e Presente - (Public Security Polices: Past and Present)  
Date: 19th of November, 2008.  
Researchers: Fernando Salla  
Place: Auditório Luis de Queiroz do Ministério Público de São Paulo  
Audience: NGOs representatives, prosecutors, judges and syndicalists.

Title/ Theme:  
Date: 17th of November, 2008  
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Place: São Paulo  
Audience: NGOs representatives, representatives from the São Paulo state government, researchers and general public.

Title/ Theme: Suicídio, um ritual de sacrifício moderno? (Suicide: a modern ritual sacrifice?)  
Date: 14th of November  
Organization: Programa de Pós-Graduação em Sociologia – FFLCH- USP (Post Graduation Program on Sociology – São Paulo University)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário Internacional em Comemoração aos 150 anos de nascimento de Émile Durkheim (International Seminar for the Celebration of the 150th Anniversary of Birth of Émile Durkheim)
Place: University of São Paulo.

Title/ Theme: Dimensões dos Direitos Humanos na Atualidade. (The Dimension of Human Rights in Contemporary Society)
Date: 11th of November, 2008.
Organization: UFRJ (Federal University of Rio de Janeiro)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário Declaração Universal dos Direitos Humanos: 60 Anos (Seminar about the Universal Declaration of Human Rights: 60th anniversary)
Place: Campus Praia Vermelha, Rio de Janeiro-RJ

Title/Theme: Segurança Pública: a importância das Ações Integradas (Public Security: the importance of integrating actions)
Date: 10th of November, 2008.
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Organization: Federal University of Rio de Janeiro
Venue: Curso de Extensão Jornalismo de políticas Públicas e Sociais (Course of Journalism and Public and Social Polices)
Place: Federal University of Rio de Janeiro
Audience: Social servants, government representatives, civil society and general public.

Title/ Theme:
Date: 10th, November 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Place: São Paulo

Title/ Theme: Amnesty Laws face to International Law – the Brazilian Case
Date: November 7th 2008
Researchers: Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Venue: Single Lecture
Place: UNINOVE University – Campus Vila Maria – São Paulo - SP
Audience: undergraduated students from the Law School
Title/ Theme: Democracia, Violência e Segurança Pública (Democracy, Violence and Public Security)
Date: 03rd of November, 2008.
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: Single Lecture
Place: Laboratório de Ciências Criminais - IBCCRIM, São Paulo (Brazilian Institute of Criminal Science)
Audience: Law students (Specialization course)

Title/ Theme: Vitimização fatal e não fatal: um panorama sobre violência contra crianças e adolescentes
(Fatal and nonfatal victimization: panoramic view on violence against children and youngsters)
Date: November, 2008
Researcher: Caren Ruotti
Venue: I Fórum de Capacitação para a Rede de Atendimento à Violência contra crianças e adolescentes
- (Training for public servants working with children and youngsters victims of violence)
Place: Hospital Universitário, (São Paulo University Hospital)
Audience: civil servants from various institutions responsible for protecting children (health, education and justice)

Title/ Theme: Crime, Violence and Punishment.
Date: 27th to 31st of October, 2008.
Organization: ANPOCS (National Association of Post Graduation and Research on Social Science)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: 32º Encontro Anual da ANPOCS (32nd Annual Meeting of ANPOCS)
Place: Caxambu – MG

Title/ Theme: Apresentação do relatório “Estudo de caso sobre Juizados de Violência Doméstica e
Familiar contra a Mulher. A experiência de Cuiabá” (Presentation of the report “Case Study on special
courts for Domestic and family violence against women).
Date: 22nd and 24th of October, 2008.
Researcher: Wânia Pasinato
Venue: Reunião de Coordenação do Observe – Observatório Lei Maria da Penha/ UFBA. (Observatory
for Maria da Penha Law of Federal University of Bahia)
Place: Salvador.
Audience: Civil servants and researchers from the Observatory

Title/Theme: A Letalidade da policia brasileira (Lethality in Brazilian Police). Secretaria de Estado de
Direitos Humanos da Presidência da República (SEDH/PR)
Date: 15th of October, 2008.
Researcher: Ariadne Natal
Venue: Fórum Nacional de Ouvidores de Polícia (National Meeting of Ombudsmen):
Place: Brasília
Audience: ombudsmen

Title/ Theme: Violência Urbana (Urban Violence)

Date: 21st of October, 2008.
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: Disciplina Bases Humanísticas da Medicina
Place: Fac. Medicina USP, São Paulo (Medicine School of São Paulo University)
Audience: undergraduate students from medicine school

Title/Theme: A Letalidade da polícia brasileira (Lethality in Brazilian Police).
Date: 15th of October, 2008.
Organization: Secretaria de Estado de Direitos Humanos da Presidência da República (SEDH/PR)
Researcher: Ariadne Natal
Venue: Fórum Nacional de Ouvidores de Polícia (National Meeting of Ombudsmen)
Place: Brasília
Audience: ombudsmen

Title/Theme: Política Criminal, Direito Penal e Direitos Humanos (as debate moderator) (Criminal polices, criminal law and human rights)
Date: 09th October, 2008
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: IV Encontro Anual da Associação Nacional de Direitos Humanos (ANDHEP), (IV Anual Meeting of the National Association of Human Rights – Research and Post Graduation)
Place: Faculdade de Direito de Vitória
Audience: undergraduate and postgraduate students, researchers and scholars

Title/ Theme:
Date: 8th of October 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: IV Encontro da Associação Nacional de Direitos Humanos Pesquisa e Pós-Graduação ANDHEP. (IV Anual Meeting of the National Association of Human Rights – Research and Post Graduations)
Place: Vitória
Title/ Theme: A Letalidade da polícia brasileira (Lethality in Brazilian Police)
Date: 26th of September, 2008
Organization: Secretaria de Estado de Direitos Humanos da Presidência da República (SEDH/PR)
Researcher: Ariadne Natal
Venue: Fórum Nacional de Ouvidores de Polícia (National Meeting of Ombudsmen)
Place: São Paulo
Audience: ombudsmen

Title/ Theme: A Letalidade da polícia brasileira (Lethality in Brazilian Police).
Date: 26th of September, 2008
Organization: Secretaria de Estado de Direitos Humanos da Presidência da República (SEDH/PR)
Researcher: Moisés Baptista
Venue: Fórum Nacional de Ouvidores de Polícia (National Meeting of Ombudsmen)
Place: São Paulo
Audience: ombudsmen

Title/ Theme: 
Date: 23rd and 24th of September, 2008
Organization: PUC-RS
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: I Jornada de Estudos Avançados em Criminologia e Controle Social (I Congress of High Studies about Criminology and Social Control).
Place: Porto Alegre-RS

Title/ Theme:
Date: 04th to 06th of September, 2008
Researcher: Marília de Oliveira Campos e Telles
Venue: II Congresso Paulista de Direito de Família (II Congress about Family Law of São Paulo)
Place: Renaissance Hotel
Audience: Members of Instituto Brasileiro de Direito de Família (Brazilian Institute of Family Law)

Title/ Theme: "O pensamento de Pachukanis". ("Pachukanis theories").
Date: 30th of August, 2008
Researcher: Celso Kashiura
Venue: "Congresso Brasileiro de Marxismo e Direito" (Brazilian Congress of Marxism and Law)
Place: Faculdades Integradas Padre Albino, Catanduva-SP. (Padre Albino University)
Audience: Law students and general public

Title/ Theme: A violência na sociedade contemporânea brasileira. (Violence in contemporary Society in Brazil)
Date: 28th of August, 2008
Organization: UNESP SP (University of the State of São Paulo)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Single Lecture
Place: Reitoria da UNESP-SP

Title/ Theme: O Suicídio, de Durkheim. (Suicide, of Durkheim)
Date: 21st of August, 2008.
Organization: Instituto de Psiquiatria USP (Institute of Psychiatry, University of São Paulo)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Lecture for students and residents
Place: Instituto de Psiquiatria São Paulo – SP

Title/ Theme: Violência: ela veio para ficar? (Violence: did it arrive to stay?)
Date: 20th of August, 2008.
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: 20ª Bienal do Livro de São Paulo – Ciclo de Palestras (20th Book Exposition of São Paulo – Cycle of Lectures)
Place: Centro de Exposições Anhembi, Espaço Universitário. São Paulo

Title/ Theme: Contemporary Violence
Date: 13th of August, 2008.
Organization: Coordenação de Eventos Culturais e PPG da UFSCar (Federal University of São Carlos)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Fórum de Debates - Conferência ministrada aos alunos do Programa de Pós-Graduação Sociologia da UFSCar (Conference for post graduate students of Social Science)
Place: São Carlos-SP

Title/Theme: Monges Budistas e Sociedade civil: a luta pela democracia na Birmânia. (Buddhist monks and civil society: the struggle for democratization in Birmania)
Date: 18th of August, 2008
Organization: CONECTAS Human Rights Organization
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Venue: Single Lecture
Place: São Paulo

Title/Theme: Programas de Segurança Pública (Public Security Programs)
Date: 08th of August, 2008
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: Seminário Segurança Pública e Promoção da Igualdade - Direito e Responsabilidade de Todos (as) Nós - Secretaria Estadual de Promoção da Igualdade (Seminar about Public Security and the Promotion of Equality – Rights and Responsibilities for each and everyone)
Place: Salvador - BA
Audience: Representatives of civil society and public authorities

Title/Theme: Presentation of the Project: Ouvidorias de polícia e a redução da letalidade policial. (Police Ombudsmen Service and police lethality in Brazil).
Date: 13th of July, 2008.
Organization: Secretaria de Estado de Direitos Humanos da Presidência da República. (Special Secretariat for Human Right of Brazilian Presidency).
Researcher: Ariadne Natal and Viviane Cubas
Venue: Venue: Fórum Nacional de Ouvidores de Polícia (National Meeting of Ombudsmen)
Place: Recife
Audience: Students from various American countries

Title/Theme: Do Crime à Punição: Estudos Sociológicos sobre crimes no fluxo do sistema de justiça criminal e Inserção da Ciência na vida do País. (From crime to punishment: Sociological Studies about crimes in the Criminal Justice System Flow and Inclusion of Science in everyday life of the Country)
Date: 14th to 17th of July, 2008
Organization: SBPC (Brazilian Society for Development of Science)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: 60ª Reunião Anual da SBPC (60th Annual Meeting of SBPC)
Place: Unicamp, Campinas-SP
Title/ Theme: Inserção social da pós-graduação: impacto propriamente social. (Social application of post graduation: specific impact in society)
Date: 10th of July, 2008.
Organization: CAPES (National Coordination for Development of Post Graduates)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário O impacto social da CAPES (Seminary about the Social Impact of CAPES)
Place: Brasília- DF

Title/ Theme: Relatórios dos Relatores Especiais das Nações Unidas sobre as execuções sumárias ou extra judiciais (Report of the Special Rapporteur on extrajudicial, summary or arbitrary executions in Brazil)
Date: 24th of June 2008
Researchers: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro/Nancy Cardia
Venue: Audiência Pública com Deputado Federal Raul Jungmann (Public Hearing with congressman Raul Jungmann)
Place: São Paulo
Audience: Public authorities, NGOs representatives, students and general public

Title/Theme: Uso de técnicas de geoinformação aplicadas ao estudo da violência e da criminalidade (Using Geoinformation techniques to the study of violence and crime)
Date: 13th to 18th of June, 2008.
Organization Sociedade Brasileira para o Progresso da Ciência – SBPC (Brazilian Association for the Development of Science)
Researcher: Marcelo Batista Nery
Venue: 60ª Reunião Anual da Sociedade Brasileira para o Progresso da Ciência (60th Anniversary of SBPC)
Place: Unicamp - Campinas
Audience: Researchers, scholars, students and general public

Title/Theme: 20 Anos de constituição e polícias cidadãs: diálogos entre a polícia e a comunidade no Estado Democrático de Direito. (20th anniversary of the Brazilian Federal Constitution e community police: Exchange between police and community within rule of law)
Date: 04th of June, 2008.
Organization: Polícia civil e OAB/Sorocaba (Civil Police Department and Lawyers Association of Sorocaba).
Researcher: Renato Alves
Venue: A Polícia Judiciária e a Constituição: passado, presente e futuro. (Criminal police and the Constitution: past, present and future).
Place/ Casa do Advogado de Sorocaba
Audience: civil and military police and municipality guards, lawyers and law students.

Title/ Theme: Mitos e Realidades sobre a Violência em São Paulo (Miths and Facts about violence in São Paulo)
Date: 13th of May, 2008
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue/Place: Semana pela Não Violência – Comunidade para o Desenvolvimento Humano (org.), Universidade Mackenzie, São Paulo (Week for nonviolence – Community for Human Development, Mackenzie University)
Audience: general public

Title/ Theme: Direitos Humanos no Brasil. (Human Rights in Brazil)
Date: 07th of May, 2008.
Organization: PUC-SP (Catholic University of São Paulo)
Researcher: Sergio Adorno
Venue: Seminário sobre Relações Internacional de Direitos Humanos (Seminar about International Relations and Human Rights)
Place: Teatro TUCA, PUC-SP

Title/ Theme: O Núcleo de Estudos da Violência e as reformas na segurança pública no Brasil (Center for Study of Violence and the reform of Public Security in Brazil)
Date: 03rd of April, 2008
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: Reunião Plenária da Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo, (Meeting of Community Police of São Paulo state)
Place: Comando Geral da Polícia Militar do Estado de São Paulo, São Paulo (Headquarters of the Military Police of the State of São Paulo)
Audience: members of the Comission for Community Police

Title/ Theme: Educação e Trabalho, desafios da integração - Seminário sobre Educação e Trabalho, os (des) caminhos da Integração (Education and work, challenges for integration – Seminar about Education and Work: the paths for integration)
Date: 25th of March, 2008
Researchers: Fernando Salla
Venue/Place: Fundação Manoel Pedro Pimentel (FUNAP), São Paulo (Manoel Pedro Pimentel Foundation)
Audience: criminal justice members (i.e: judges, police officers, prosecutors), undergraduate students, researchers, scholars and NGOs representatives.

Title/ Theme: O que a Literatura tem a dizer sobre a Educação em Direitos Humanos? (as debate moderador). (What does literature has to say about Human Rights Education?)
Date: 08th of March, 2008
Researchers: Cristina Neme
Venue: Seminário Educação e Metodologia para os Direitos Humanos - Associação Nacional de Direitos Humanos (ANDHEP) (Seminar about Education and Methodology for Human Rights - Anual Meeting of the National Association of Human Rights – Research and Post Graduations)
Place: Faculdade de Direito de Vitória, Vitória
Audience: undergraduate students, researchers and scholars

Title/ Theme: Conflito e violência escolar (Conflict and violence at school)
Data: March, 2008
Researcher: Caren Ruotti
Venue: V Simpósio de Segurança Escolar do 28º BPM/M (V Symposium of School Security)
Place: São Paulo
Audience: Military police officers

Title/ Theme: Comemorar os 60 anos da Declaração? (60th anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Should we celebrate?)
Date: 09th of July, 2008.
Researchers: Cláudia Perrone-Moisés
Venue: 60 anos da Declaração Universal dos Direitos Humanos
Place: São Paulo - SP
Audience: undergraduation and graduation students from the Law School

Title/ Theme: A internacionalização dos direitos humanos. (The internationalization of human rights)
Date: 11th of August, 2008
Researchers: Cláudia Perrone-Moisés
Place: São Paulo - SP
Audience: undergraduation and graduation students from the Law School
Title/ Theme: Intervenções Humanitárias (Humanitarian Interventions)
Date: 10th of November, 2008.
Researchers: Cláudia Perrone-Moisés
Venue: V Simpósio dos Pós-Graduandos em Ciência Política da USP. (V Simposium of posgraduate students in political science of São Paulo University)
Place: USP - São Paulo - SP
Audience: undergraduate students from the Department of Political Science

2. Media Interventions

Summary of media intervention by type of medium:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Television</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newspaper</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet (sites)</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet (newsagencies)</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazines/periodicals</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Date: January
   Subject: Prisons
   Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
   Publication/network: “Com Ciência” Magazine

2. Date: January, 16th 2008
   Subject: Prisons
   Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
   Publication/network: “Jornal do Comércio” Newspaper

3. Date: January, 17th 2008
   Subject: Torture
   Name: Quoting NEV
   Publication/network: “USP” News Agency

4. Date: January, 18th 2008
   Subject: Fear and society
   Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
   Publication/network: “O Povo Online” website
5. Date: January, 18th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: News website “Fator Brasil”

6. Date: January, 22th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto  
Publication/network: News website “G1”

7. Date: January, 22th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: NEV  
Publication/network: News Website “Fator Brasil”

8. Date: January, 23th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: “FAPESP” News Agency

9. Date: January, 23th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: “Diário da Notícia”Newspaper

10. Date: January, 29th 2008  
Subject: Public security  
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto  
Publication/network: News Website “G1”

11. Date: January, 31th 2008  
Subject: Homicide statistics  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

12. Date: January, 31th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto  
Publication/network: News Website “G1”

13. Date: January, 31th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Agência USP” News Agency
14. Date: February, 2008  
Subject: Democracy and Public Security  
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto  
Publication/network: Swisscam Magazine

15. Date: February, 07th 2008  
Subject: Public security and private security  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting Television

16. Date: February, 08th 2008  
Subject: Public security and private security  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: News Website “O Globo Online”

17. Date: February, 13th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: News Website “G1”

18. Date: February, 15th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Record” Broadcasting TV Channel

19. Date: February, 18th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Rádio USP” Radio station

20. Date: February, 19th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Bandeirantes” Radio station

21. Date: February, 22th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Quoting EV  
Publication/network: “Diário do Nordeste” Newspaper

22. Date: February, 25th 2008  
Subject: Homicide statistics  
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto  
Publication/network: “Diário de São Paulo” Newspaper

23. Date: February, 25th 2008
33. Date: March, 03rd and 09th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: “Agência FAPESP” News Agency

34. Date: March, 07th 2008  
Subject: Public security  
Name: Sérgio Adorno and Fernando Salla  
Publication/network: “ComCiência” Magazine

35. Date: March, 07th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Caros Amigos” Magazine

36. Date: March, 09th 2008  
Subject: Police  
Name: Renato Antonio Alves  
Publication/network: News Website “Paraná Online”

37. Date: March, 11th 2008  
Subject: Public security  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “Desafios” Magazine

38. Date: March, 11th 2008  
Subject: Torture  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: TV Channel “Gazeta”

39. Date: March 2008  
Subject: Authoritarism and literature  
Name: Eduardo Brito  
Publication/network: “Pesquisa” Magazine

40. Date: March-April 2008  
Subject: Prisons  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Problemas Brasileiros” Magazine

41. Date: March, 12th 2008  
Subject: Prision and crime rates  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

42. Date: March, 14 2008
Subject: Police
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

43. Date: March, 16th 2008
Subject: Crime statistics
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

44. Date: March, 23th de 2008
Subject: Public security
Name: Quoting NEV
Publication/network: “Jornal de Jundiaí” Newspaper

45. Date: March, 23th de 2008
Subject: Police violence
Name: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

46. Date: March, 26th 2008
Subject: Torture
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
Publication/network: Repórter Brasil

47. Date: March, 26th 2008
Subject: In Honor of Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Publication/network: “Agência Senado” News Agency

48. Date: March, 27th 2008
Subject: In honor of Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

49. Date: March, 30th 2008
Subject: Public Security
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

50. Date: April 2008
Subject: Torture
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
Publication/network: “Ciência Hoje” Magazine
51. Date: April, 02nd 2008
Subject: Public security
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: “RBS” Broadcasting TV Channel

52. Date: April, 03rd 2008
Subject: Public Security
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

53. Date: April, 06th 2008
Subject: Violence against Children
Name: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Publication/network: “Diário do Nordeste” Newspaper

54. Date: April, 14th 2008
Subject: Violence against Children
Name: Sérgio Adorno and Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

55. Date: April, 16th 2008
Subject: Criminal records statistics
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

56. Date: April 2008
Subject: Research about Public security
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting Television

57. Date: April, 25th 2008
Subject: In honor of Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Name: Paulo de Mesquita Neto
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

58. Date: April, 30th 2008
Subject: Urban violence and public health
Name: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Publication/network: “A Tarde” Newspaper

59. Date: May, 04th 2008
Subject: Criminal law (Article)
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper
60. Date: May, 06th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “Corriere Della Sierra” Newspaper

61. Date: May, 08th 2008  
Subject: Prisons  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Época” Magazine

62. Date: May, 26th 2008  
Subject: Homicide Statistics  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

63. Date: June 2008  
Subject: Lack of punishment  
Name: Wania Pasinato  
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio

64. Date: June, 01st 2008  
Subject: Crime statistics  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “Bom dia” News Agency

65. Date: June, 02nd 2008  
Subject: Community police  
Name: Eduardo Brito  
Publication/network: “Voz” News Website

66. Date: June, 03rd 2008  
Subject: Violence  
Name: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres  
Publication/network: “Syndicate of Teachers of São Paulo” Website

67. Date: June, 03rd 2008  
Subject: Sumary Executions report from UN Special Raporteur Philip Alston  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio

68. Date: June, 04th 2008  
Subject: Summary executions in São Paulo  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: CBN Radio

69. Date: June, 09th 2008
Subject: Violence at Schools
Name: Renato Antonio Alves
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

70. Date: June, 10th 2008
Subject: Violence at Schools
Name: Renato Antonio Alves
Publication/network: “TV Aparecida” Broadcasting TV Channel

71. Date: June, 11th 2008
Subject: Violence at Schools
Name: Renato Antonio Alves
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

72. Date: June, 13th 2008
Subject: Sumary Executions report from UN Special Raporteur Philip Alston (Article)
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

73. Date: June, 19th 2008
Subject: Police violence (Article)
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

74. Date: June, 27th 2008
Subject: Ruth Cardoso
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Publication/network: “Valor Econômico” Newspaper

75. Date: June, 29th 2008
Subject: Psychological consequences of violence
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: “Folha Online” News Website

76. Date: June, 30th 2008
Subject: Violence at Schools
Name: Renato Antonio Alves
Publication/network: “Nacional” Radio Station

77. Date: June 2008
Subject: Youth, violence and traffic
Name: Paula Ballesteros
Publication/network: “Cursinho da Poli” Newspaper

78. Date: July 2008
Subject: Fear and community life (Article)
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “E” Magazine (from SESC/SP)

79. Date: July 2008  
Subject: Lack of punishment  
Name: Wânia Pasinato  
Publication/network: “Canal Brasil” Cable Network

80. Date: July, 02nd 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres  
Publication/network: “Agência FAPESP” News Agency

81. Date: July, 06th 2008  
Subject: Lack of punishment  
Name: Wânia Pasinato  
Publication/network: “Diário de São Paulo” Newspaper

82. Date: July, 08th 2008  
Subject: Homicide statistics  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: Financial Times

83. Date: July, 10th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “Época” Magazine

84. Date: July, 11th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights and Army  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “BBC Brasil” News Agency

85. Date: July, 12th 2008  
Subject: Urban Violence, fear and community life  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio

86. Date: July, 13th 2008  
Subject: Lack of punishment  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

87. Date: July, 16th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

88. Date: July, 16th 2008
Subject: Research on NEV
Name: Quoting NEV
Publication/network: “Agência FAPESP” News Agency

89. Date: July, 17th 2008
Subject: Urban violence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “Reuters” News Agency

90. Date: July, 22th 2008
Subject: Media and violence
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “A Tarde” Newspaper

91. Date: July, 26th 2008
Subject: Human Rights
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting TV Channel

92. Date: July, 28th 2008
Subject: Urban violence, fear and community life
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting TV Channel

93. Date: August, 01st 2008
Subject: Public security
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

94. Date: August, 05th 2008
Subject: Public security and private security
Name: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

95. Date: August, 06th 2008
Subject: Homicide statistics
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

96. Date: August, 07th 2008
Subject: Homicide statistics
Name: Quoting NEV
Publication/network: News Website “G1”
97. Date: August, 12th 2008  
Subject: Crime statistics  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

98. Date: August, 12th 2008  
Subject: Violence against women and “Maria da Penha” Law  
Name: Wânia Pasinato  
Publication/network: “Rede TV” Broadcasting TV Channel

99. Date: August, 12th 2008  
Subject: Robbery  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “Bandeirantes” Radio

100. Date: August, 12th 2008  
Subject: Robbery  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “Correio da Bahia” Newspaper

101. Date: August, 12th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas  
Publication/network: “Folha Universal” News Website

102. Date: August, 18th 2008  
Subject: Public security and private security  
Name: Vanessa Orban  
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

103. Date: August, 19th 2008  
Subject: Media and violence (Article)  
Name: Vitor Lima Blotta  
Publication/network: “Observatório da Imprensa” Website

104. Date: August, 21th 2008  
Subject: Homicide statistics  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “Economist”

105. Date: August, 22th 2008  
Subject: Homicide statistics  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio
106. Date: August, 24th 2008  
Subject: Crime Statistics  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

107. Date: August, 25th 2008  
Subject: Elections and Public security  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

108. Date: August, 25th 2008  
Subject: Police Ombudsman  
Name: Viviane de Oliveira Cubas  
Publication/network: “Diário de Natal” Newspaper

109. Date: August 2008  
Subject: Police Ombudsman  
Name: Viviane de Oliverira Cubas  
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting TV Channel Regional Network

110. Date: August, 27th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Cristina Neme  
Publication/network: “Correio Brasiliense” Newspaper

111. Date: August, 28th 2008  
Subject: Violence against Children  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Der Standard

112. Date: August, 31th 2008  
Subject: Violence against Children  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “O Popular” Newspaper

113. Date: August, 31th 2008  
Subject: Crime statistics  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

114. Date: September, 01st 2008  
Subject: Human Rights situation in Burnma  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “Folha de São Paulo” Newspaper

115. Date: September, 04th 2008
Subject: Children and youngster facing Law problems  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: News Website “O Globo”

116. Date: September, 05th 2008  
Subject: Elections and Public security  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: News Website “Folha on-line”

117. Date: September, 05th 2008  
Subject: Elections and Public security  
Name: Renato Antonio Alves  
Publication/network: “O São Paulo” Newspaper

118. Date: September, 06th 2008  
Subject: Elections and Public security  
Name: Renato Antonio Alves  
Publication/network: “Diário do Grande ABC” Newspaper

119. Date: September, 09th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: Democratic Voice of Burma

120. Date: September, 12th 2008  
Subject: Crime Statistics  
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

121. Date: September, 16th 2008  
Subject: PCC Attacks in May, 2006  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Valor Econômico” Newspaper

122. Date: September, 18th 2008  
Subject: Criminal Law  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla  
Publication/network: “Gazeta do Povo” Newspaper

123. Date: September, 25 and 29th 2008  
Subject: Crime statistics and gender  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: “Rádio USP” Radio Station

124. Date: September, 28 and 29th 2008
125. Date: October, 01st 2008
Subject: Urban violence in small and midsize cities
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio Station

126. Date: October, 02nd 2008
Subject: Homicide Statistics
Name: Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

127. Date: October, 05th 2008
Subject: Crime Statistics
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery
Publication/network: “Correio Braziliense” Newspaper

128. Date: October, 13th 2008
Subject: 60 years of Universal Human Rights Declaration
Name: Eduardo Bittar
Publication/network: News Website “IG – Último Segundo”

129. Date: October, 16th 2008
Subject: Civil and military police confront and strike
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “GloboNews” Cable News Network

130. Date: October, 16th 2008
Subject: Civil and military police confront and strike
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: “CBN” Radio Station

131. Date: October, 17th 2008
Subject: Civil and military police confront and strike
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: News Website “UOL”

132. Date: October, 17th and 18th 2008
Subject: Kidnapping
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: “Rede Globo” Broadcasting TV Channel

133. Date: October, 18th 2008
Subject: Kidnapping  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: News Website “G1”

134. Date: October, 18th 2008  
Subject: Civil and military police confront and strike  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “CBN Rio” Radio Station

135. Date: October, 22th 2008  
Subject: Should guards from municipality use rubber bullets?  
Name: Paula Ballesteros  
Publication/network: “Jornal da Tarde” Newspaper

136. Date: October, 23th 2008  
Subject: Violence at Schools  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: News Website “IG – Último Segundo”

137. Date: October, 25th 2008  
Subject: Civil and military police confront and strike (Article)  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo”

138. Date: October, 26th 2008  
Subject: Elections and Public security  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

139. Date: November, 01st 2008  
Subject: Media, violence and human rights  
Name: Vítor Lima Blotta  
Publication/network: Perspectiva Magazine – From Braz Cubas University

140. Date: November, 04th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights and violence  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “TV Assembléia” TV Channel

141. Date: November, 04th 2008  
Subject: Public security and private security – insurance for kidnapping  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “TV Globo” TV Channel

142. Date: November 2008  
Subject: Research on crime rates
Name: Marcelo Batista Nery  
Publication/network: "Espaço Aberto" Magazine from University of São Paulo

143. Date: November, 07th 2008  
Subject: Media and violence  
Name: Vitor Blotta  
Publication/network: "Vale Paraibano" Newspaper

144. Date: November, 11th 2008  
Subject: Civil police strike  
Name: Nancy Cardia  
Publication/network: "GloboNews" Cable TV Channel

145. Date: November, 12th 2008  
Subject: Violence at Schools  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: "Jovem Pan" Radio

146. Date: November, 13th 2008  
Subject: Violence at Schools  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: "Diário da Região" Newspaper

147. Date: November, 13th 2008  
Subject: Violência na escola  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: News Website "Vermelho"

148. Date: November, 14th 2008  
Subject: Violence at Schools  
Name: Caren Ruotti  
Publication/network: "Eldorado" Radio

149. Date: November, 17th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: "Agência FAPESP" News Agency

150. Date: November, 23th 2008  
Subject: Prisons  
Name: Fernando Afonso Salla
152. Date: November, 23th 2008  
Subject: African-american and the law  
Name: Quoting NEV’s research  
Publication/network: “JB on-line” News Website

153. Date: November, 26th 2008  
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration  
Name: Sérgio Adorno  
Publication/network: “GloboNews” TV Channel

154. Date: November, 26th 2008  
Subject: Police violence  
Name: Sérgio Adorno, Nancy Cardia and others  
Publication/network: News Website “Repórter Diário”

155. Date: November, 29th 2008  
Subject: Authoritarism in Brazilian history (Article)  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

156. Date: December, 04th 2008  
Subject: Community police  
Name: Quoting NEV  
Publication/network: “Diário de Cuiabá” Newspaper

157. Date: December, 04th 2008  
Subject: Human Rights and Science  
Name: Eduardo Bittar and Vitor Blotta  
Publication/network: “Espaço Aberto” Magazine (Online version)

158. Date: December, 05th 2008  
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration  
Name: Renato Alves  
Publication/network: “TV PUC” TV Channel

159. Date: December, 06th 2008  
Subject: Amnesty Law  
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro  
Publication/network: “O Estado de São Paulo” Newspaper

160. Date: December, 06th 2008  
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration  
Name: Vitor Blotta  
Publication/network: “Brasil Seiko” Magazine
161. Date: December, 07th 2008
Subject: Reserva Raposa Serra do Sol (Article about indigenous territory in Brazil)
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Publication/network: "Folha de São Paulo" Newspaper

162. Date: December, 09th 2008
Subject: Police violence
Name: Sérgio Adorno and Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: "Jornal da Tarde" Newspaper

163. Date: December, 10th 2008
Subject: Lack of punishment
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: "TV Globo" TV Channel

164. Date: December, 10th 2008
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Publication/network: "Folha de São Paulo" Newspaper

165. Date: December, 10th 2008
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration
Name: Sérgio Adorno
Publication/network: "Folha de São Paulo" Newspaper

166. Date: December, 10th 2008
Subject: 60th anniversary of the Universal Human Rights Declaration
Name: Eduardo Bittar
Publication/network: News Website “Folha On-line”

167. Date: December, 12th 2008
Subject: Domestic violence against women
Name: Nancy Cardia
Publication/network: "Folha de São Paulo" Newspaper

168. Date: December, 15th 2008
Subject: Police authoritarism
Name: Cristina Neme
Publication/network: "Folha de São Paulo" Newspaper

169. Date: December, 16th 2008
Subject: Violence against children
Name: Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Publication/network: Corriere Della Serra (Italy)

170. Date: December, 17th 2008
3. Other knowledge transfer activities - Consultancies etc.

3.1. Consultancies

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro

Wânia Pasinato
March to June 2008 – Consultancy for the Study “Estudo de Caso sobre as Varas Especiais de Violência Doméstica e Familiar em Cuiabá, MT”. Observatório da Lei Maria da Penha. Agende/CEPIA/NEIM. (Case Study on Special Courts for Doméstic and Intrafamiliar violence against women - Observatory for Maria da Penha Law – Agende/CEPIA/NEIM).

July 2008 – Consultancy in the Project “Projeto de desenvolvimento e implementação de metodologia de monitoramento e avaliação do Pacto Nacional de Enfrentamento da Violência contra as Mulheres” (Project for Development and Implementation of methodology for monitoring and evaluation of the National Pact for Facing violence against women), for the state of São Paulo. Secretaria Especial de Políticas para Mulheres/Presidência da República (Special Secretariat for Gender Polices/Brazilian Federal Presidency).

Cristina Neme

Member of the Board to select candidates for the Fellowship Program of the Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública. São Paulo, 2008.

3.2. Meetings with foreign representatives
Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro met the following authorities in Geneva on 5 December 2008, in a Swiss Initiative to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Micheline Calmy-Rey (Swiss Federal Councillor), Manuel Tornare (Mayor, City of Geneva), Anne Herdt (President of the Task Force – Eleanor Roosevelt Project), David Rossevelt (granson of Eleanor Roosevelt), Ambassador Martin I. Uhomoibhi (President of the Human Rights Council), Laurent Moutinot (State Councillor of the Republic and Canton of Geneva).

Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Meeting with representatives of Utrecht University (Netherlands), December 2008, at the Commission for International Cooperation- USP (CCInt/USP), to discuss research projects on Truth Commissions.

Cristina Neme

3.3. Participation in External Committees

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Co-chair with Mary Robinson of the Eminent Persons Panel, appointed by the Swiss Government to prepare and disseminate an Agenda for Human Rights, Protecting Dignity, launched in December 2008.

The Núcleo de Estudos da Violência of the University of São Paulo is represented in the deliberative council of the Programa de Proteção a Vítimas e Testemunhas Ameaçadas [Protection Program for Victims and Witnesses under threat]. NEV´s representation in the Council is a responsibility of the Teotônio Vilela Commission´s executive secretary.

Nancy Cardia
Member of the Consultative Committee of the 9th World Conference on Injury and Violence Prevention, Research and Training, Mexico 2008.

3.4. Participation in Advisory committees and editorial boards.

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro is member of the board of the following institutions:
Institute São Paulo against Violence, Brazil
Centre on Housing Rights and Evictions, COHRE, Switzerland
Centro de Estudios Legales y Sociales, CELS, Buenos Aires
Realizing Rights, Ethical Global Initiative, EGI, New York.

He is also member of the editorial board of the magazine Direitos Humanos, edited by the State Secretariat for Human Rights of Brazil.

**Sergio Adorno**
CAPES – Coordinator of the Sociology area, responsible for the evaluation of Graduate Sociology courses in Brazil and member of the Scientific Council (2005-2007).

Member of the Editorial Board of Análise Social, a scientific publication from the Social Sciences Institute of the University of Lisboa (2006).

Member of the Editorial Board of Sociologias, a scientific publication from the Philosophy and Human Sciences Institute of the University of Rio Grande do Sul (Brazil).

**Nancy Cardia**
Represents NEV as Head of a Collaborating Center at the Department of Injury and Violence Prevention of the World Health Organization – WHO (since 2002).

Vice-president of the Instituto São Paulo Contra a Violência (since 1997). São Paulo - SP.

Member of the Editorial Board, Injury Control and Violence Prevention (since 2002).

Member of the Comité consultatif international Groupe d’Études, de Recherche et d'Intervention sur les Politiques Publiques et la Sécurité (GÉRIPPS) in Canada.

Member of the WHO Expert Advisory Panel on violence and injury prevention, since 2008.

Member of the International Advisory Committee for the 18th International Conference on Safe Communities “Community safety polices as an axis for development”.

**Renato Alves**
Representative in the Psychology Federal Council at the sub-commission on violence and injury at the National Health Council of the Ministry of Health.
Cristina Neme
Member of the Special Commission for the Reduction of Police Lethality (Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais). Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.

Ariadne Natal
Member of the Executive Committee of the Biblioteca Virtual em Saúde e Violência, managed by Claves and by ICICT-FioCruz, with technological support from Bireme. Site: http://www.bvsvs.cict.fiocruz.br

Viviane Cubas
Member of the State Commission for Community Policing (Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo).

Marcelo Batista Nery
Member of the State Commission for Community Policing (Comissão Estadual de Polícia Comunitária do Estado de São Paulo)
Member of the Special Commission for the Reduction of Police Lethality (Comissão Especial para Redução da Letalidade em Ações Envolvendo Policiais). Secretaria de Estado da Segurança Pública, São Paulo - SP.

Eduardo Bittar
Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Vitor Blotta
Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Wilson Levy
Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Jaqueline Sena
Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Elisa Pires da Cruz Caçapava
Member of the editorial board of Revista Jurídica of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622
Marcos Braga Jr.
Member of the editorial board of *Revista Jurídica* of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

Mariana Pacheco Fischer.
Member of the editorial board of *Revista Jurídica* of PUC-Campinas. ISSN: 0103-5622

3.5. Other external activities

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
Brown University - The Choices Program - http://www.choices.edu/

Member of the expert reference group at the World Congress III Against Sexual Exploitation of Children and Adolescents, Rio de Janeiro, November 2008.

Attendance to the yearly sessions of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights of the Organization of American States, since 2003 as Commissioner for Brazil and the Rapporteur for the Rights of Children.

Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos
Pedagogic guidance for the development of teaching material for middle and high schools: The Interamerican Court for human rights: The case of Nogueira de Carvalho against Brazil [Orientação Acadêmica para o desenvolvimento de material didático (Guia de Estudos para estudantes do 2° Grau de Escolas Públicas do Estado de São Paulo), denominado “Corte Interamericana de Direitos Humanos – Caso Nogueira de Carvalho e outro versus Brasil”], developed by NASCIMENTO, Jefferson Rodrigo; LIMA, Raquel da Cruz; ARNEIRO, Alexandre Cardeal de Oliveira; MUSUMECI, Martino Gabriel & PIESCO, Juliana, in 2008.

Elisa Pires da Cruz Caçapava

3.6 – Prizes (Prêmios recebidos)

Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro
## APPENDIX 4 - COMPLETE LIST OF RESEARCHERS, TIME ALLOCATED TO PROJECTS AND RESEARCH LINE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researcher</th>
<th>Time allocated /week</th>
<th>Research line/knowledge transfer/education.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Coordinator of Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dra. Nancy Cardia</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Paulo Sergio Pinheiro</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drª Maria Fernanda Tourinho Peres</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profª Drª Claudia Perrone-Moisés</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar</td>
<td>3h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Fernando Afonso Salla</td>
<td>40h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prof. Dr. Marcos César Alvarez</td>
<td>8h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Hours</td>
<td>Lines &amp; Activities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Drª Wânia Pasinato</td>
<td>20h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dr. Eduardo Manoel de Brito (up to July)</td>
<td>35h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dra. Lucia Elena Arantes Ferreira Bastos</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diego Jair Vicentin (MsC)</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Caren Ruotti (MsC)</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cássia Garcia (MsC)</td>
<td>5h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cristina Neme (MsC)</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<td>Edney dos Santos Gualberto (MsC)</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<td>Jessica Domingues</td>
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<td>Marcelo Batista Nery (MsC)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Vitor S. Lima Blotta (MsC)</td>
<td>30h</td>
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<td>Viviane de Oliveira Cubas (MsC)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alex da Silva Martire</td>
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<td>Aline Morais Mizutani</td>
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<td>Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations</td>
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| Ariadne Lima Natal                        | 40    | Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights  
|                                           |       | Diffusion: NEV website and NEV electronic periodical |
| Bianca Boggiani Cruz                      | 20    | Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations |
| Bruna Augusta (up to July)                | 20    | Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights |
| Bruna Charifker (up to April 2008)        | 40    | Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations  
|                                           |       | Educational Activities: Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice |
| Bruno Bueno Quirino de Souza (up to March 2008) | 30    | Diffusion: media |
| Cleonice Elias da Silva                   | 40    | Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations  
|                                           |       | Knowledge transfer: digitalizing news clippings (data bases on gross human rights violations) |
| Denise Carvalho da Silva                  | 20    | Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights  
<p>|                                           |       | Educational Activities: Course on Organizational Management in Public Security and Criminal Justice |
| Fabio Alex (up to July)                   | 20    | Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights |
| Flavia Valle Vernaschi                    | 30    | Line II) Monitoring Human Rights Violations |
| Giana Guelfi                               | 30    | Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights |</p>
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<td>Glaucia Gajardoni de Lemos</td>
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<td>Helio Querino de Moraes Jr.</td>
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<td>João Rafael Ersina Navarro</td>
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<td>Juliana Feliciano de Almeida</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marcela Boni Evangelista</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maria Carolina Moraes</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights  Knowledge transfer: internet database on parliamentary debates</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maria Cecilia Franca de Abreu</td>
<td>40h</td>
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<td>Maria Rosalina Rodrigues Gomes</td>
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<td>Marcus Vinicius Oestmann</td>
<td>20h</td>
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<td>Name</td>
<td>Hours</td>
<td>Line/Task</td>
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<td>Moisés Baptista</td>
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<td>Nathalia Santo Suosso Soares</td>
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<td>Patrícia Carla dos Santos (up to September 2008)</td>
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<td>Paula Karina Rodriguez Ballesteros</td>
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<tr>
<td>Roberta Barreto</td>
<td>20h</td>
<td>Line I) Democracy, rule of law and human rights</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Tais Viudes Freitas</td>
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<td>30h</td>
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<td>Thaís Moret Maraccini</td>
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Knowledge transfer: internet database on parliamentary debates

Knowledge transfer: digitalizing news clippings (data bases on gross human rights violations)
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<th>Viviane Coutinho Massa</th>
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</table>

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APPENDIX 5 - LIST OF CONCLUDED MSC DISSERTATIONS AND PHD THESIS

Ana Carolina da Matta Chasin
Mestrado em Sociologia
“Uma simples formalidade: estudo sobre a experiência dos juizados Especiais Cíveis em São Paulo”.
Universidade de São Paulo – FFLCH- Departamento de Sociologia – 13/02/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno

Alexandre Zarias
Doutorado em Sociologia
“Das leis ao avesso: desigualdade social, direito de família e intervenção judicial”.
Universidade de São Paulo – FFLCH- Departamento de Sociologia – 21/08/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Sergio Adorno

Osvaldina dos Santos Araújo
Mestrado em Sociologia
“O controle da atividade policial - um olhar sobre a Ouvidoria do Sistema de Segurança Pública do Estado do Pará”
Universidade de São Paulo - FFLCH - Departamento de Sociologia - Agosto/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Marcos Cesar Alvarez

Vitor Souza Lima Blotta
Mestrado em Filosofia e Teoria Geral do Direito
“A Razão Comunicativa de Jürgen Habermas na Produção de Normatividade do Direito”.
Universidade de São Paulo – Faculdade de Direito – Setembro de 2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar

Edney dos Santos Gualberto
Mestrado em História Econômica
“Vanguarda Sindical: União dos trabalhadores gráficos de São Paulo (1919-1935)”.
Universidade de São Paulo – FFLCH – Departamento de História Econômica – 15/12/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Lincoln Ferreira Secco

Diego Jair Vicentin
Mestrado em Sociologia
“A Mobilidade como Artigo de Consumo: apontamento sobre as relações com o aparelho celular”.
UNICAMP – IFCH – Departamento de Sociologia - 25/08/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Laymert Garcia dos Santos

Celso Naoto Kashiura
Mestrado em Filosofia e Teoria Geral do Direito
"Crítica da igualdade jurídica"
Universidade de São Paulo – Faculdade de Direito – 26/08/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar

Rosa Maria Soto Riva
Mestrado em Direitos Humanos
"Direito à educação: condição para a realização da plena cidadania"
UNIFIEO – 24/04/2008
Orientador: Prof. Dr. Eduardo Carlos Bianca Bittar
### APPENDIX 6 - LIST OF STUDENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pesquisador</th>
<th>Graduação</th>
<th>Pós-Graduação</th>
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<tr>
<td>Alex da Silva Martire</td>
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<td>Bianca Boggiani Cruz</td>
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<td>Camila Akemi Perruso</td>
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<td>Cassia Santos Garcia</td>
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<td>Flavia Valle Vernaschi</td>
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<td>Vanessa Orban Aragão Santos</td>
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<td>Vitor Souza Lima Blotta Blotta</td>
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<td>Viviane de Oliveira Cubas</td>
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<td>Wânia Pasinato</td>
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APPENDIX 7 - INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Members of NEV’s International Advisory Committee are:

1. Prof. Dr. James Mercy from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States of America. Prof. Mercy is a sociologist with strong background in Epidemiology, expert in violence studies and violence prevention;

2. Prof. Dr. Ignacy Sachs from the École des Hautes Études en Sciences Sociales (EHESS), Centre de recherches sur le Brésil contemporain. Prof. Sachs is an economist who has a deep knowledge about Brazil and focus his research in human rights and development;

3. Prof. Dr. Alfred Stepan is a Political Scientist who has a deep knowledge about Brazil and focus his research in democracy in transitional societies.
APPENDIX 8 - INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR ON TORTURE

1. Program

25/02 – Monday

19:00

Official Opening:
- Paulo Montenegro - Secretaria Especial dos Direitos Humanos (SEDH)/ Presidência da República
- Luis Antonio Marrey - Secretário de Justiça e Defesa da Cidadania do Estado de São Paulo
- Carlos Vogt - Secretário do Ensino Superior do Estado de São Paulo
- José Gregori - Comissão Municipal de Direitos Humanos (CMDH)
- Celso Lafer - Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa de São Paulo (FAPESP)
- Henry Shue - Universidade de Oxford

26/02 – Tuesday

9:00 to 12:30

Panel I – Fear and Torture: Ethics, values and cruelty in present days
- Dinah PoKempner - Human Rights Watch
- Jean Maria Arrigo - Psicóloga Social, Pesquisadora Independente e co-fundadora da International Intelligence Ethics Association
- Yuval Ginbar - Anistia Internacional
Moderator: Marcos César Alvarez - Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)

14:00 to 17:30

Panel II – Torture and the War on Terror: The World after September 11th
- Fritz Allhoff - Western Michigan University
- Jessica Wolfendale - University of Melbourne
- William Scheuerman - Indiana University
Moderator: Zilda Márcia Grícoli Iokoi - Universidade de São Paulo (USP)

27/02 – Wednesday

9:00 to 12:30

Panel III – Torture and criminal justice
- Roy King - Institute of Criminology at the University of Cambridge
- David DeBatto - Agente especial do departamento Contra-Terrorismo do exército Americano
- David Rodin - Diretor do departamento de Pesquisa de Uehiro Centre for Practical Ethics da Oxford University
**Moderator:** Julita Lemgruber - Centro de Estudos de Segurança e Cidadania (CESeC)

**14:00 to 17:30**

**Panel IV – The legacy of torture to democracy**
Sergio Adorno apresentando o trabalho de Martha Huggins - Tulane University
Fernando Salla - Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Mariana Joffily - Universidade de São Paulo (USP)
**Moderator:** Emílio Dellasopppa - Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (UERJ)

**17:30 to 18:30**

**Final discussion**
Sérgio Adorno - Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Nancy Cardia - Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Fernando Salla - Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (USP)
Eduardo Bittar – Faculdade de Direito (USP)

**2. Media Impact of the International Seminar on Torture**

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**News agencies**
Date: 01/17/2008 - Publication/network: News Agency “Agência USP”
Date: 01/23/2008 - Publication/network: News Agency “Agência FAPESP”
Date: 02/27/2008 - Publication/network: News agency “Agência Estado”
Date: 02/28/2008 - Publication/network: News agency “Agência FAPESP”
Date: 02/25/2008 - Publication/network: News agency “Agência Brasil”
Radio
Date: 01/23/2008 - Radio “Rádio Nacional”
Date: 02/19/2008 - Radio “Bandeirantes”
Date: 03/09/2008 - Radio “CBN”

Newspapers
Date: 02/07/2008 - Newspaper “Jornal Público” (Portugal)
Date: 02/22/2008 - Newspaper “Diário do Nordeste”
Date: 02/27/2008 - Newspaper “O Povo”
Date: March, 3rd to 9th, 2008 - Newspaper “Jornal da USP”

Television
Date: 01/22/2008 - “Cultura”
Date: 02/07/2008 - “OAB TV”
Date: 02/15/2008 - “Rede Globo”
Date: 02/18/2008 - “Record News”
Date: 03/11/2008 - “Gazeta”

Magazines
Date: March – April, 2008 - “Problemas Brasileiros”
Date: April, 2008 - Caros Amigos
Date: 03/26/2008 - Repórter Brasil
Date: 02/18/2008 - “Isto É”

Websites
Date: 02/21/2008 - News website “Farol Comunitário”
Date: 01/18/2008 - News website “Fator Brasil”
Date: 01/29/2008 - News website “Vermelho”
Date: 02/22/2008 - News website “Fator Brasil”
Date: 02/26/2008 - News website UOL
Date: March, 2008 - News website “Folha Universal”
Date: 02/22/2008 - Website of institution “Ibase”
Date: 02/27/2008 - Institutional website “MNDH – Movimento Nacional dos Direitos Humanos”.
Date: 02/27/2008 - Website of the government of the State of São Paulo.
APPENDIX 9 - PROGRAM OF THE WORKSHOPS AND SEMINARS-
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Violence, Democracy and Citizen Security

Workshop 1 – Research Network articulation and methodological fine tuning

Place: University of São Paulo, USP
Date: March 9th and 10th of 2009 (from Wednesday to Friday)

Objectives:

Main Objectives:
Consolidate the subprojects, and refine data collection techniques to optimize data sharing and shared analysis.

Specific objectives:
To identify:

- Shared questions of the different projects;
- Specific questions of the different projects;
- Create a standard methodological approach with to ensure collective use of data collected;
- Define papers to be written in co-authorship

Participants:

1. Professor Sérgio Adorno (NEV/USP)
2. Professor Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro (NEV/USP)
3. Dr. Nancy Cardia (NEV/USP)
4. Professor Cláudia Perrone-Moisés (FD/USP e NEV/USP)
5. Professor Eduardo Bittar (FD/USP e NEV/USP)
6. Dr. Fernando Salla (NEV/USP)
7. Dr. Maria Fernanda Peres (NEV/USP)
8. Marcelo Nery (NEV/USP)
9. Professor Michel Misse (NECVU/IFCS/UFRJ)
10. Professor Maria Cecília de Souza Minayo (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
11. Professor Simone Assis (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
12. Professor Edinilsa Ramos (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
13. Professor José Vicente Tavares (UFRS)
14. Professor Stella Grossi Porto (UNB)
15. Dr Renato Sérgio de Lima (Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública)
16. Professor César Barreira (UFC)

March 5th, from 9 to 12:30pm

9:00 – 10:30am
Brief presentation of the subprojects

10:30 to 11:00 – Break

11:00 to 11:30am
Presentation of an organizational chart of the subprojects indicating forms of data exchange and
collection of common interpretative lines of the subprojects
Prof. Dr. Sérgio Adorno (NEV/USP)

11:30am to 12:30pm
Discussion and final consolidation of the organizational chart

March 5th, from 2:00pm to 5:30pm

2:00 to 3:30pm

Relations between licit and illicit: case studies

Subprojects:

1) Illegal Markets, Political Goods and the Social Organization of Crime in Rio de Janeiro
   (Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Michel Misse)
2) Violence and Frontiers (Coordinators: Professor Fernando Salla and Professor Marcos Alvarez)
3) Fortaleza and Medellín: Citizenship, human rights and public security: the paradox between
   control and self-control of violence (Coordinator: Professor Cesar Barreira)
3:30 to 4:00pm – Break

4:00pm to 5:30pm

Studies on police: mapping innovative actions, impunity, self-image, political culture, life quality, health and assessment.

Subprojects:

1) Police investigation and judicial process in São Paulo: the case of homicides (Coordinator: Professor Sérgio Adorno)
2) The time of the justice: its impact in the production of penal impunity" (Coordinator: Wânia Izumino)
3) Monitoring the Democratic Efficiency of Public Safety Policies in Brazil (Coordinator: Renato Lima)
4) Self-recognition and identity building: pre-requisites for the constitution of police activity as a profession and the decrease of violence? (Coordinator: Professor Stela Grossi Porto)
5) Health, Work Conditions and Quality of Life among Police Officers in the Baixada Fluminense (Coordinators: Maria Cecília Minayo, Simone Assis e Edinilsa Ramos)
6) Social Inequality, Violence, and Political Culture (Coordinator: Prof. Dr. José Vicente Tavares)
7) Fortaleza and Medellín: Citizenship, human rights and public security: the paradox between control and self-control of violence (Coordinator: Professor Cesar Barreira)
8) Illegal Markets, Political Goods and the Social Organization of Crime in Rio de Janeiro (Coordinator: Professor Michel Misse)

March 6th, from 10:00am to 12:30pm

10: 00 to 11:00am

Studies on homicides: tendency analysis and case studies

Subprojects:

1) Multicenter Study of Homicide Mortality in Latin America (Coordinator: Professor Edinilsa Ramos)
2) The fall of homicide in the state of São Paulo: a diagnosis of the magnitude and causes
(Coordinator: Marcelo Nery)

3) Analysis of the fall in the homicide rate of youth in the city of São Paulo, 2000-2008
(Coordinator: Professor Maria Fernanda Peres)

11:00 to 11:30am - Break

11:30am to 12:30pm

Monitoring democracy and human rights: data from the press, survey and national mapping of
the innovative practices

Subprojects:

1) The quasi longitudinal survey study: exposure to violence and socially shared representations and
attitudes to justice, punishment and human rights (Coordinator: Dr. Nancy Cardia)

2) Monitoring Human Rights Violations (Coordinator: Professor Fernando Salla)

3) Monitoring the Democratic Efficiency of Public Safety Policies in Brazil (Coordinator: Renato Lima)

4) Fortaleza and Medellín: Citizenship, human rights and public security: the paradox between control
and self-control of violence (Coordinator: Professor Cesar Barreira)

5) Illegal Markets, Political Goods and the Social Organization of Crime in Rio de Janeiro (Coordinator:
Professor Michel Misse)

March 6th, from 2pm to 5:30pm

2pm to 3:30pm

Study of the past and democratic consolidation

Subprojects:

1) Mechanisms of extra-judicial reparation for victims of human rights violations: the Latin
American experience (Coordinator: Professor Cláudia Perrone-Moisés)

2) Measuring the Effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America: the role of the
(Coordinator: Professor Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro and Prof. James Green),
3:30pm to 4pm – Break

4pm to 5:30pm - Final Discussion

Workshop 2 – Monitoring the integration activities

How do the different subprojects contribute to the analysis of the quality of Brazilian democracy?

Place: Universidade of São Paulo, USP
Date: June 17th, 2009 (Wednesday)
Time: 9am to 6pm

Objectives:

1) Assess the sharing and exchanging mechanisms between the works of the research teams
2) Refine shared methodological strategies
3) Plan next research and data analysis stages
4) Consolidate partnerships for the elaboration of papers

Participants:

1. Professor Sérgio Adorno (NEV/USP)
2. Professor Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro (NEV/USP)
3. Dr Nancy Cardia (NEV/USP)
4. Professor Cláudia Perrone-Moisés (FD/USP e NEV/USP)
5. Professor Eduardo Bittar (FD/USP e NEV/USP)
6. Dr. Fernando Salla (NEV/USP)
7. Dr. Maria Fernanda Peres (NEV/USP)
8. Marcelo Nery (NEV/USP)
9. Professor Michel Misse (NECVU/IFCS/UFRJ)
10. Professor Maria Cecília de Souza Minayo (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
11. Professor Simone Assis (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
12. Professor Edinilsa Ramos (CLAVES/Fiocruz)
13. Professor José Vicente Tavares (UFRS)
14. Professor Stella Grossi Porto (UNB)
15. Dr. Renato Sérgio de Lima (Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública)
16. Professor César Barreira (UFC)
17. Michel Wieviorka
18. James Green (Brown)
19. Tereza Caldeira (Berkeley)
20. Goran Therborn (Cambridge)
21. Gustavo Palmieri (CELS)

9am to 12pm – Work meeting 1

1) Assess the sharing and exchanging mechanisms between the works of the research teams
2) Refine common methodological strategies

14pm to 6pm – Work meeting 2

3) Plan continuity of the collective work process
4) Consolidate partnerships for the elaboration of papers
5) Seminar 1 – Violence, Democracy and Public Security: methodological aspects for network studies

Place: Universidade of São Paulo, USP
Date: June 18th and 19th, 2009 (Thursday and Friday)

Program:

06/18/09, from 9am to 12:30pm

9:00am to 9:30am
Opening

9:30am – 10:15am
Opening Conference – Violence, Democracy and Public Security as object of scientific investigation in Brazil
Professor Sérgio Adorno (NEV/USP), Coordinator of Institute for the Study of Violence, Democracy and Public Security (CNPq)

10:15am to 10:45am - Break

10:45am to 13:00pm
Round-table 1: Democracy as object of analysis: methodological aspects of case studies

1. Why and how to study “extreme cases”
2. Why and how to study “cases of the possible”
3. Why and how to study the frontiers between licit and illicit

Debater:

06/18/09, from 2:00pm to 6:00pm

Round-table 2: Past and present as analysis target for the study and consolidation of Brazilian democracy

1. Persistence of severe human rights violations: indicators for monitoring
2. Survey on Attitudes, values and norms: a possible perspective for an evaluation of the present?
3. The past seen through the study of mechanisms of extra-judicial reparation to the victims of human rights violations
4. Measuring the Effectiveness of Human Rights Campaigns in Latin America - Professor Paulo Sérgio Pinheiro (NEV/USP)

4:30pm – Break

5pm – 6pm – Conference with International Consultant

06/19/09, from 9:00am to 12:30pm

Round-table 3: Studies on police: implications on democracy

1 – Mapping initiatives on Public Security
2 – Professional Identity and police practices
3 – Political culture and policemen formation

10:30am – 11:00am – Break

Continuation of round-table 3:
4 – Working conditions and health in police activity
5 – Evaluation of initiatives on public security

06/19/09, from 2:00pm to 6:00pm

Round-table 4: Studies on homicides
1 – Methodological Aspects on the Multicenter Study of Homicide Mortality: Brazil, Argentina e Colombia
2 – Analysis of spatial data: homicide in the State of São Paulo
3 – Quantitative and qualitative methods for case studies: the fall of homicide in the city of São Paulo.

4:30pm – 5:00pm – Break

5:00pm to 6:00pm - Conference with International Consultant